

## WEAK

Is the Defense Case Being Made  
by Durrant.

## STARTLING SENSATIONS

DEVELOPED DURING THE HEARING  
OF THE DEFENDANT'S TESTIMONY.

Secretary of Young Men's Christian Association and a Young Lady Newspaper Reporter Ordered to Jail for Contempt—Student Found Who Did Not Attend Lecture, but Was Marked Present.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 4.—The trial of Theodore Durrant was replete with sensations yesterday. Henry J. McCoy, general secretary of the Young Men's Christian Association, was cited for contempt last Monday for telling Juror Truman that if he did not hang Durrant the people would hang him, was fined \$250, with the alternative of five weeks in jail. During the course of the examination of a witness summoned by the defense, the prosecution developed the fact that a student at the Cooper Medical college who did not attend the lecture delivered by Dr. Cheney on the afternoon of April 3 was recorded present in the roll call book. This testimony is of the greatest importance to the prosecution, from the fact that it shows the unreliability of the roll call book in which Durrant was recorded present on the afternoon that Blanche Lamont was murdered.

The last sensation of the day was an order made by the court committing Miss Carrie Cunningham, a newspaper reporter, to the county jail for refusing to answer a question. The defense desired to impeach the testimony of Mrs. Leake, who said she did not tell Mrs. Cunningham that she saw Durrant and Miss Lamont enter Emanuel church on the afternoon of April 3. Miss Cunningham testified that Mrs. Leake did not tell her what she had seen, but when asked to reveal the source of her information the witness declined to answer. An order was made committing the witness to the county jail for contempt, but on motion of the defense it was made to go into effect tomorrow morning, when Miss Cunningham will be given another chance to answer the question.

The defense placed on the stand yesterday eight more students who attended the lecture delivered by Dr. Cheney on the afternoon of April 3 to testify as to whether they had answered to Durrant's name at rollcall. Each witness gave a negative answer.

With the exception of six, all the members of the class have been asked this question. One of the students has died since April 3, and the prosecution has been unable to obtain the attendance of the other five witnesses. The prosecution limited cross-examination in each case to asking if the witness saw Durrant at the lecture. Not a student was found who remembered having seen the defendant. The notes of each witness will be placed in testimony. The notes promise to play an important part in the future proceedings, as the prosecution intends to compare them with the notes said to have been taken by Durrant at the time.

The defense endeavored to show by F. A. Ross, a student at Cooper Medical college, that on the afternoon that Blanche Lamont was murdered he and Durrant took a walk from the college to the vicinity of the Golden Gate. Ross remembered that he and Durrant had taken such a walk, but could not fix the date.

## HIS FATE IN DOUBT.

Anxiety Felt Regarding Dr. Donaldson Smith's African Expedition.

LONDON, Oct. 4.—Considerable anxiety is beginning to be felt in scientific centers regarding Dr. Donaldson Smith's African expedition, news of which is long overdue. According to the latest advices Dr. Smith had been stopped by the Abyssinian army, and it is feared that he has had to retrace his steps and go in a westerly direction. He may thus have got behind the district where the British are now fighting. Monrak at Mwell, on the British East African coast, and have been caught by the natives. It is hoped, however, that when he heard of the fighting, Dr. Smith made a detour, in which case he would be heard from in the neighborhood of Lake Tanganyika or along the German or English lake routes.

## Squire Holds the Title.

WATERTOWN, N. Y., Oct. 4.—Judge Williams of the supreme court has given an opinion in the suit brought against United States Senator Watson C. Squire and others, involving the title to between \$1,000,000 and \$2,000,000 worth of property in the city of Seattle, Wash. The judge decides in favor of Senator Squire. The case has been on trial more than a year and has excited wide interest.

## Want Change of Venue.

HANNIBAL, Mo., Oct. 4.—The attorneys for Dr. Hearn and wife, charged with the murder of Amos J. Stillwell, Mrs. Hearn's first husband, served notice on the prosecuting attorney of their intention to make application for a change of venue.

## Governor Culberson Congratulated.

INDIANAPOLIS, Oct. 4.—The Good Citizens league of Indiana sent a telegram to Governor Culberson and the Texas legislature congratulating them on their action in suppressing the Corbett-Fitz stimulus fight "in the interest of good citizenship."

## Trouble at Buda-Pesth.

BUDA-PESTH, Oct. 4.—The passage of the civil marriage law has led to dis-

turbances at Terezina Turdassan. The registrars were ejected by a mob and their books were torn up. A priest who incited the populace to violence was arrested.

## Said Good Part of Mountville.

MOUNTVILLE, W. Va., Oct. 4.—The Mountville Mining and Manufacturing company has sold at public auction 1,015 town lots, an extensive coal work, cotton factory, broom factory, wool factory, etc.

## Eucharistic Congress Closed.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 4.—The Eucharistic congress of the Catholic church completed its sessions last night. It was the most notable gathering of the clergy in the history of the church.

## STILL SKIRMISHING.

Several Small Engagements Reported Through Spanish Sources.

HAVANA, Oct. 4.—A column of troops formed by soldiers from the Barcelona battalion has had a skirmish with the insurgents in the Remedios district of Santa Clara. The insurgents, who were commanded by Matagas, lost five killed. On the side of the troops a guerrilla captain and one soldier were wounded.

A detachment of the guerrilla forces from San Luis in a brush with the insurgents at Dos Caminos, province of Santiago de Cuba, put a number of insurgents to flight, killing two of them. At the farm of Del Gado, near Santa Clara, Major Blanco, commanding a detachment of troops, surprised a force of insurgents who left two killed on the field.

The insurgents at Maestras in the Camajuan district, attacked a small detachment of volunteers and made one of them prisoner.

The column of troops commanded by Colonel Ros has had another skirmish with the insurgents in the forest of San Jose Valiente, near Cienfuegos. The insurgents left four killed. They were pursued by the troops and their camp was captured, the enemy losing seven men killed.

The little village of La Quinta, in the Remedios district, was recently attacked by the insurgents, who burned six of the houses. Insurgents, it is announced, have also burned the small village of San Lorenzo, in the Camajuan district.

In a skirmish at Palmira, province of Santa Clara, one insurgent was killed and a lieutenant of volunteers was mortally wounded.

A column of troops commanded by Colonel Panetmayor has surprised an insurgent band which was encamped between the farms of Santa Rita and Pauchita, in the district of San Domingo. The insurgents fled at the approach of the troops, leaving one killed on the field. The government forces captured six saddled horses and five carabines.

## MAY GET INTO TROUBLE.

Deposed Northern Pacific Receivers Figure In Contempt Proceedings.

SEATTLE, Wash., Oct. 4.—As C. W. Bunn, attorney for Onkes, Payne and Bunn, the deposed Northern Pacific receivers, was about to step on his train eastward bound, he was confronted by a deputy United States marshal who surprised him with a citation directed to the receivers. It cites them to appear in court here at 10 a. m., Oct. 31, to show cause why they should not be punished for contempt in having disobeyed the order to appear before Judge Hanford yesterday and give an accounting of their stewardship. The impression prevalent is that the receivers have allowed themselves to be placed in a serious predicament.

## PLEURO-PNEUMONIA

Discovered Among Australian Cattle Shipped to London.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 4.—The agricultural department has received information from English sources stating that among the cattle shipped to London from Australia six undoubted cases of pleuro pneumonia were discovered.

It is learned from the same source that the prices obtained from Australian meats (7 cents dressed weight) was not satisfactory to the Australian shippers. Cattle from the United States bring about \$70 per head, and the cost of transportation is about \$18.

## Dying of Cigarette Poisoning.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., Oct. 4.—Fred Canfield, a young man, is dying of cigarette poisoning, physicians having informed him that he has but a short time to live. Canfield's sufferings are intense, and constant prayer is for death to relieve him of his misery.

## Charges Against Major Ames.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 4.—The war department has formulated and presented the charges against Major Ames. The first charge is that of conduct prejudicial to good order and discipline.

## Steamer Condor Released.

LIMA, Peru, Oct. 4.—Advices received here from Guayaquil are to the effect that the British steamer Condor, which ran into the United States cruiser Alert and damaged her to an amount estimated at \$20,000, has been released. The Condor's captain, however, is detained, pending a decision in the case.

## Killed by the Cars.

MARION, O., Oct. 4.—Last evening Daniel Horn, 50, while driving in a buggy north of town, was struck by the Columbus, Sandusky and Hocking passenger train and instantly killed.

## Killed On a Crossing.

BEILAIRE, O., Oct. 4.—Ella Harris, 60, was killed by a Baltimore and Ohio passenger train running her down on a crossing.

## Death Claimed Him.

TOLEDO, Oct. 4.—Orville Brown, 63, retired capitalist of Albany, was found dead in bed here.

## ABLAZE.

Three Large Cotton Mills  
Burned to the Ground.

A MILLION DOLLAR LOSS.

NEW ENGLAND HAS ONE OF THE  
LARGEST FIRES IN HER HISTORY.

In Less than an Hour from the Starting of the Conflagration the Buildings Were a Mass of Fire and the Firemen Were Powerless—Water Supply Gives Out and Heat Becomes Insufferable.

WARREN, R. I., Oct. 4.—One of the largest fires that has ever occurred in southeastern New England broke out in one of the three mills of the Warren Manufacturing company, situated about an eighth of a mile from the center of this town, about 7 o'clock last night, and before it was gotten under control it had swept through three large cotton-mills, two warehouses, small sheds, freightcars and other property, causing a loss which is estimated at more than \$1,000,000.

The fire started in the washroom near the engine room of No. 1 mill, and spread with great rapidity through the building and threatening adjoining property. Within an hour after the blaze was discovered the flames were roaring through all three mills. The magnitude of the fire at once became apparent to the local department, and help was at once summoned from Bristol, Fall River and Providence. An engine from Bristol, one from Fall River and two steamers, two hosecars and three companies from Providence responded, arriving on special trains.

The scene when these out-of-town companies arrived was appalling. The whole of the southern part of the little town seemed to be a roaring mass of flames, threatening not only the tenement houses of the manufacturing company nearby, but even endangering the big part of the town some distance off. Almost immediately after the additional force had started to work the water supply began to give out, and although the automatic sprinklers were turned on in all three mills, and six inches of water stood upon all the floors, very little progress was made.

A carload of ore and another of cotton standing on a track in the millyard, became ignited and furnished admirable food for the fire in its sweep through the great plant. The heat was insufferable, and soon it was impossible to get within

200 feet of the buildings. At 10 o'clock the flames were threatening two warehouses containing \$500,000 worth of property. At 10:30 they caught, and in a few moments had become a roaring furnace. A few moments later the flames jumped from these buildings to the adjoining lumberyard of Ezra Martin, and his entire stock of coal, wood and dressed lumber were food for the fire. Shortly before 11 o'clock the walls of two of the mills fell in, and the dwelling houses occupied by the operatives also caught fire, and it seemed to be spreading in various directions.

## FUN AND FOLLY.

Kansas City Experiences Its Annual Attack of Delirious Tremens.

KANSAS CITY, Oct. 4.—All Kansas City took a day off yesterday and devoted itself to merry-making. Carnival ruled supreme. It was the climax of a week of holiday making such as Kansas City has never seen before. Fun and folly ruled everywhere. It is estimated that fully 100,000 visitors were in the city. There was never such a crowd in the streets. A parade several miles in length, and composed of military and hundreds of masqueraders, was the feature of the day. It started at 2:30 o'clock and was one hour in passing a given point. Last night the merry-makers filled the streets.

## SAD FATALITY.

Two Young Picknickers Drowned In Mad River.

SPRINGFIELD, O., Oct. 4.—Near Snyder's station on Mad river yesterday afternoon, Stanley Brain and Mabel Olds, both aged 17, met their death. They had gone down the river picnicking with a party and the two young people took a canoe and started down the river. Soon their cries were heard and Miss Brain and Miss King rushed down and saw them sink under the water. The drowned girl's remains were quickly recovered by some farmers, but the boy's body was not found until the evening and both were brought to this city. Young Brain lived on West Pleasant and Miss Olds on East Pleasant street.

## Winners.

At Gravesend—Monaco, King of Bohemia, Woodvine, Pepper, Sweet Favondale, Hugh Penny.

At Detroit—Danusk, Miss Clerk, Galley West, Metropole, Rouaud.

At Oakley—Millie M. Norman, Ramiro, Grannan, Semper Lex, Trunkie.

At Sheffield (Chicago)—Wells Street, Nellie Smith, Weala, Ennamus, Lettie.

## The Weather.

For Ohio and West Virginia—Fair and early winds; no change in temperature.

For Indiana—Fair, followed by cloudy weather; southeasterly winds.

## Siberia Increases Gold Output.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 4.—Information has been received that the gold production of Siberia for the current calendar year will largely exceed that of last year.

## FIGHTS

May Occur Between Bulls and  
Bipeds in Mexico.

THEY ENJOY THE SPORT,

AND ARE WILLING THAT THOSE WHO  
WISH MAY PARTICIPATE.

Concessions Granted in the States of Tamaulipas and Coahuila for the Putting Out of Bull Fighting and Athletic Exhibitions—Great American Mill May Emigrate to a More Congenial Climate.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Oct. 4.—Charles Campbell and several other parties in this city, among them a Mexican official, have made a proposition to Dan Stuart to get a concession in Mexico to pull off the fights there. Stuart has agreed, if absolute immunity from interference is guaranteed. The gentlemen, who have very high and influential connections in Mexican official life, yesterday received telegrams announcing that the states of Chihuahua, Coahuila and Tamaulipas had granted concessions to pull off a "general athletic and bull fighting exhibition" in those states Oct. 31. Which, if any, of these concessions will be used, will not be determined for several days. If the Chihuahua concession should be used, the fight will come off at Juarez, which is just across the river from El Paso.

Laredo and Diaz are the towns in the other two states. Each town will be asked to contribute toward the expenses, and the amount of these contributions will be an element in selecting the place. The concessions carry with them an absolute guarantee of noninterference. There is a bullring at each place capable of seating from 18,000 to 20,000 people. These will have to be repaired, and the railroads reaching these points have volunteered to defray the expense of repairs. The gentlemen who have received the concessions are under contract to turn them over to Dan Stuart free of cost. They are to get their remuneration from the bull fights. Already they have contracts with the famous troop of torreadors in Mexico, and have received six bulls which are said to be the most ferocious animals in the country.

## Fits Fall of Fight.

CORPUS CHRISTI, Tex., Oct. 4.—When the action of the legislature was announced to Fitzsimmons yesterday he did not show much surprise.

"It is only a part of the game of Corbett and his gang," he said. "He selected Texas for the battleground because he thought the fight could not

come off here. He had a tip that the fight would not come off in Dallas. He would not fight on sooner or later or get out of the ring."

## Want the Fight.

DALLAS, Oct. 4.—A large number of propositions have been received from parties who desire to have the championship contest pulled off in their respective localities in Mexico, Indian Territory and Oklahoma.

## ARE THEY BIGAMISTS?

Divorces Granted in Ohio by Reference Declared Illegal.

CLEVELAND, Oct. 4.—Judge Ong of the Cuyahoga common pleas court appointed J. T. Legue, ex-judge of the police court, referee in 14 divorce suits. The referee granted 10 decrees of divorce and dismissed the others for want of prosecution. Judge Hamilton, also of the common pleas bench, has declared the verdicts illegal, claiming that divorce cases in Ohio are not referable. An embarrassing complication will ensue if Judge Hamilton's opinion is sustained, as several of the parties have remarried.

## Will Gather Their Crops.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Oct. 4.—The convention decided last night to take a recess after today until Oct. 14. This action was a surprise, because the convention a day or two since overwhelmingly decided not to take a recess. Senator Tillman introduced the motion last night, and stated his reason for favoring it was because the farmers ought to be at home seeing about gathering their crops. The convention agreed with him, for the recess was ordered by a vote of 85 to 35.

## Cause Home to Die.

KOKOMO, Ind., Oct. 4.—Aaron Swain, the exile whose return was announced Wednesday, is dead. He was attacked with paralysis while at the home of his daughter, Mrs. George W. Conner, here. The wife of his youth was sent for and was to have been here yesterday, but did not arrive in time to see her husband alive. He was about 65 years old.

## Fatally Injured.

PARKERSBURG, W. Va., Oct. 4.—Last night at Sistersville, near this place, citizens burned a gambling house kept by Albert Barton, during Barton's absence. The gambler's wife, attempting to escape, jumped from the second-story window and was fatally injured. Barto had been repeatedly warned by citizen.

## May Reorganize Glassworks.

STREUBENVILLE, O., Oct. 4.—A movement is on foot among business men here to reorganize the Sumner Glass company for the manufacture of bottles.

## Run Over by a Train.

KENT, O., Oct. 4.—Mrs. Rebecca Meacham, 73, and quite wealthy, was run over by an Erie train in the yards here yesterday and killed.



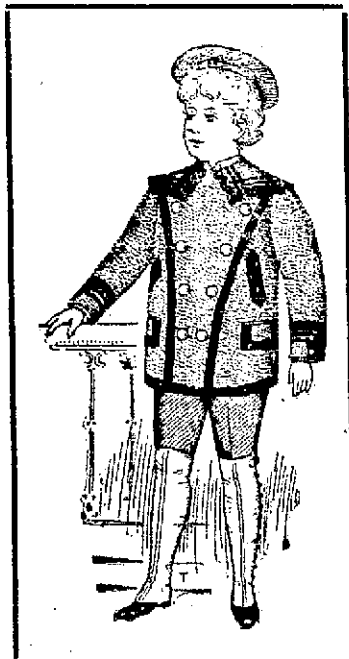
We are not of a disposition to brag—to blow—or to tell you that we are the only clothiers; for there are others. But again, we remind you that we are showing the most complete and best selected stock of

FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING!  
GENT'S FURNISHINGS AND HATS,  
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Children's clothing is a special feature with us. That we are showing the nobbiest, handsomest and best made stock of novelties is a well known fact.



Everything stylish and desirable is represented in our Children's Dept. While our prices have not been 40 per cent. below others, we guarantee them to be as low as honest, well made and correct fitting merchandise can be sold for.



We start our Children's Suits with a beautiful line of Kilts in blue, grey and brown at \$3.50 to \$5.00. Then our Juniors—Jerseys—Reefers—D. B. Sacks in all desirable shades and mixtures are excellent and honest values for your money. Our Overcoat Department is complete. Look at our line and get our low prices before you buy.

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28 and 30 Union Block. Public Square.





# CASTORIA

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"The use of 'Castoria' is so universal and its benefits so well known that it needs no word of recommendation to endorse it. Few are the infants and children who do not keep 'Castoria' within easy reach."

Castor Oil, Castor Sugar, Castor Syrup, Castor Soap, and Castor Candy.

Castoria comes in Cakes, Castor Syrup, Castor Sugar, Castor Soap, and Castor Candy. Without injurious medication.

"For several years I have recommended 'Castoria' and shall always continue to do so as it has invariably produced beneficial results."

Edward F. Palmer, M. D., 154th Street and 7th Ave., New York City.

The Castoria Company, 77 Murray Street, New York City.

## Can Farmers Live in Villages?

The gods help only those who help themselves. The farmer's lot is in some respects an undesirable one because he does not have the conveniences and social advantages the city dweller enjoys. But there is no reason why he should not have them. He can get them every one for himself.

The isolation in rural life is not at all necessary. In the fertile Genesee valley the beautiful village of Avon is largely a farm settlement. Well to do agriculturists have their homes there, with grounds about them large enough to accommodate only the necessary amount of poultry and live stock. The village has beautiful shaded, graded and lighted streets, with city water-works. The church, the school, the post-office, the grocery, blacksmith shop and dry goods store, as well as the doctor are within a few minutes' walk of every one of these rural homes. In the morning the farmers go to their farms, accomplish the day's work there and return to rest, social life and recreation.

What the Genesee farmers have done their class everywhere else can do. There is a decided movement in that direction now. French farmers live in villages. In Minneapolis a farm colony has been formed which will be watched with interest throughout the country. It is called the Sismondt Co-operative association and is organized as a stock company. Its stock is \$5 a share. When \$5,000 shall have been secured, a tract of land will be bought in common. It will be farmed in common, and it as well as the live stock and agricultural machinery will be owned in common.

There, however, community ownership ends. Members of the association will live in a village which has city improvements. They will purchase their own lots and build houses upon them as individual owners. With their means combined these co-operative farmers will have every advantage of machinery and cheap purchase. They can buy and sell to far better purpose than the isolated ruralist can who must do everything single handed. Thus the best two features of modern progress, combined labor and individual homes with all conveniences, will be had by these pioneers of co-operative farming.

Those state commissioners who are trying to promote uniform legislation among the various states of the Union ought to be encouraged. At present a man may be lawfully divorced in one state and a married man or a bigamist in another. In one state he may be a fully qualified voter, in another he is arrested for violation of election laws if he attempts to cast his ballot. A man may be guilty of crime in one state when he could do the same thing in another one and go scot free. It has been suggested as a remedy for this that the national government take up the matter and enact legislation of general application, as it has already done in case of postal, bankruptcy and other laws. But then would certainly rise the cry of centralization from the state rights advocates, and there would be reason in the cry. It is better for the separate states to move in the matter and make uniform laws of their own accord. The divorce laws are perhaps those that need the most thorough overhauling. Distressing complications frequently arise here in cases where the property rights and the rights of children are involved.

The put upon dweller in the suburban village will send forth a hearty prayer of thanksgiving to Mr. Thomas Caldwell of Newburg, N. Y. Mr. Caldwell is an inventor, and what his latest achievement is may be gathered from the question which started the idea of working in his brain. It was this, and it was put to him by his 10-year-old son, "Why don't you take a lawn mower and attach it to the front of a bicycle instead of the front wheel?" The idea "took." The result is the cycle mower, which is warranted to make the mowing of the front yard just fun. The boys will cry for it. All the man who mows has to do is to just pedal. The front of the thing is an ordinary lawn mower; the back is the hind wheel of a bicycle.

It begins to look as if the World's fair business was being run into the ground. With the show in Mexico open a whole year in 1896, and the great fair de siècle exposition in Paris in 1900, saying nothing of several small ones that intervene, people may well become weary of the same features over again. It is almost impossible to find anything new now.

The League of American Wheelmen have financed so successfully that their organization is out of debt, has a good surplus and is ready for aggressive action in the matter of good roads and bicyclists' rights. There is something in bicycle riding itself that is conducive to clear headedness and businesslike promptness.

A few more victories for the Cuban patriots before the assembling of congress, and the United States will certainly feel called on to recognize the republic of "Cuba Libre."

There is in the United States one cricket team that beat the English boys anyhow, and it is found in Pennsylvania.

A crank is a person who does not think as you do.

## EXHIBITORS AT FAIRS.

Points That It Is to Their Advantage to Remember.

They should study very carefully the rules and regulations of the society and follow them to the letter.

They should decide early to exhibit and prepare their cattle accordingly. It is no excuse for a man to say that his cattle are nothing but skin and bones because it has been a dry season.

It is a mistaken idea that many have that they can influence the decision of the judges by talking to him of their past exploits and number of prizes they have taken. If a judge is an expert, he can readily see this and is naturally suspicious of one who talks too much in the show ring.

All exhibitors should remember that there is only one prize, and if they are not successful take their defeat gracefully and like men and not find fault with the judges, management and all the other exhibitors. I have seen men completely lose their heads and make statements that if they could hear in their calmer moments they would see how absurd they were.

The judge, if he is an expert, knows no one and gives the prize to the best animals, and if one man has the best individuals in about all the classes he should get the ribbons. Many exhibitors cannot understand this and think that the spoils should be more evenly divided. This is a common idea among a large class of small exhibitors which you will find at almost every state and county fair.

While on the subject of fairs I would like to call your attention to the prize for bulls. I think it is of very little value unless all aged bulls are judged with their progeny, and as good grades are much more profitable to the ordinary farmer than poor pure breeds I would like to see grades among the progeny. This is an old story with me, and one I have advocated for many years, and I think all men who are interested and have followed the bull prizes given at many of our large fairs will agree with me on this subject.—E. Burnett in Breeder's Gazette.

## To Dress Mutton.

Salt pork and bacon are becoming scarce, and perhaps stale, and the heat prompts one to touch both lightly. Directions for dressing mutton will therefore be timely. Nearly every owner of sheep knows how to dress mutton, and some of them think their own method is better than any other. We do not claim that the method that we are about to give is better than any other, but it is the best we have ever tried. The sheep should be yarded the evening before killing and kept quiet. Butchering time comes the first thing in the morning. The head is usually severed with an ax, but sometimes a sharp knife is inserted behind the ear, thrusting it through the neck with the edge downward, and with an outward cut all the vital parts of the throat are severed. The gambrel is at once inserted and the sheep hung up. An incision is made at the point where one begins to disembowel, and the body is filled with all the cold water it will hold. The pelt is removed, and the entrails are then taken out, first making a small incision in the breast bone to let the water out. Mutton dressed in this way will be as sweet as pig or chicken, and there will be no sheep flavor. The unpleasant flavor known as "sheepy taste" comes from the entrails, and not from the pelt. As soon as the mutton is dressed, it is cut in halves and placed in a refrigerator box, or if this is not at hand in an open well to cool. A mutton can usually be consumed before it becomes old, but if there is fear of this it may be well to halve with a neighbor.—Homestead

## Stover For Horses.

It is a habit that leads one to put away timothy hay for winter feeding of horses when it is worth \$16 a ton, and there is a quarter of an acre of corn per head for each month of winter feeding. The stover from an acre of corn will furnish food sufficient for one horse five months if the corn is a medium variety and has three stalks in a hill. It should be cured for as scrupulously as other good feed, put under shelter as soon as cured and not wasted in any way. Timothy meadows were light this season, but it was indeed a poor field of grass here that one could not sell standing at \$8 to \$10 an acre. No use of discussing "manurial values" and "robbing land" when one can convert half or three-fourths of a ton of stunted timothy into a \$10 bill without any expense.—Exchange.

## Live Stock Points.

When you buy a new harness, take your horse or mule to the harness shop and have him fitted just as you would have yourself fitted with a pair of shoes. Ill fitting harness is the cause of many a sore and gail.

The Oregon horse abattoir is still in full operation, slaughtering unsalable animals and converting them into beef and fertilizing material. The factory is situated at Linton on the Columbia river.

The substance known as gluten meal is the refuse of corn after the starch has been taken out. It varies greatly in value. Professor Henry says the lighter, chaffy grades are of little value, while the heavier grades contain the germ of the corn grain and are rich in protein. These grades are worth more as feed than wheat bran is. As to prices to be paid for gluten meal Professor Henry writes in The Breeder's Gazette that the chaffy light grade is worth less than bran and should be sold for a lower price, while the heavier grades may be bought with profit at a somewhat higher price than bran brings. Bran should be mixed with the heavy kind of gluten meal to keep it from being too concentrated a food.

In the horse abattoir in Oregon every ounce in the horse's body is utilized. The bones are crushed into bone meal, the refuse is converted into fertilizer, the hides are made into leather, the meat is packed and sold for beef.



Is prepared by the best method known from the best grain grown. When you want PURE Buckwheat, ask for LAWSON'S. If your dealer hasn't it write to Lawson's Milling Co., Ltd., Cobecan, N.Y.

## FAMOUS SINGLE PEARLS.

The Shah of Persia Has One Delicate Gem Worth Over Half a Million.

It is not generally appreciated that there are enormous fortunes in single pearls, and that a few individuals and great potentates have jewels of this sort which are literally worth a king's ransom. In all the world there is no more famous pearl than the Tavernier, now in the possession of the Shah of Persia. This remarkable gem came to this eastern king by descent and is a genuinely remarkable curiosity. It derives its name from having been sold by the traveler Tavernier 200 years ago to the then ruler of Persia. The price then was \$500,000. It is now worth more than \$850,000.

Another eastern king, the Imam of Muscat, has in his collection a pearl worth \$165,000, weighing 121 carats. Through it the daylight can be seen. Princess Vonsanoff's finest gem is wonderfully beautiful. Valued at \$189,000 it was first heard of in 1820, when George of Calais sold it to Philip IV of Spain. Eighty thousand dollars is the figure that it is approximated the pope's pearl would bring. One of Leo's predecessors became possessed of it in a manner which has not been told, and it has descended in regular course to the present incumbent of St. Peter's throne.

This, so far as is known, exhausts the list of truly celebrated pearls. There are many remarkable pearl necklaces whose value is extraordinary. These necklaces are made up gradually, pearl after pearl being added to the set, and leading jewelers are constantly on the lookout to procure gems of like rarity to extend the chain. On the whole, pink pearls are not especially valuable, black ones bringing far higher prices, and pearls that are white being sought next after them. Queen Victoria of England has a necklace of pin pearls that is worth \$80,700, and the dowager empress of Germany one made of 33 pearls which would bring easily \$125,000.

The Rothschild women have, however, gems of this sort that far exceed in value those of royalty. Baroness Gustave de Rothschild possesses one made up of five rows of pearls, the whole chain being valued at \$300,000. Baroness Adolphe de Rothschild owns a bracelet that in all probability would fetch even at a forced sale \$250,000.

Even more brilliant, because it has seven rows, is the necklace of the dowager empress of Russia. The gems, however, are not quite as fine as those in the Rothschild collection. The bracelet of this royal lady is the most famous in the world from a gem point of view. Hardly second to it is that of the empress of Austria, whose black pearls are noted throughout Europe for their extreme beauty and rarity.

What has become of the white-pearls of the Empress Eugenie, sold at the close of the Franco-Prussian war, has never been made known. The value of these was some \$60,000, and they were gathered together in a very beautiful necklace that frequently graced a neck of that unfortunate queen.—N. Y. World

## If Troubled With Rheumatism Read This.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Apr. 16, 1894.—I have used Chamberlain's Pain Balm for rheumatism and found it to be all that is claimed for it. I believe it to be the best preparation for rheumatism and deep seated muscular pains on the market and cheerfully recommend it to the public. J. O. G. BROOKS, dealer in boots, shoes, etc., No. 18 Main street.

## ALSO READ THIS.

MECHANICVILLE, St. Mary County, Md.—I sold a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm to a man who had been suffering with rheumatism for several years. It made him a well man. A. J. MCGILL. For sale at 50 cents per bottle by. Melville Bros., next to P. O.; C. W. Heister, 58 Public Square.

## Never Say Die.

Many desperate cases of kidney diseases pronounced incurable have been cured by the Clinic Kidney Cure. Many physicians use it. For sale by H. F. Vorkamp, northeast cor. Main and North streets.

\$5.00 lamps for \$1.88 at J. W. Rowlands' lamp sale. 7f

## Princess Harry Is Fast.

"Curiosity is life," says the London Figaro, "concerning the projected engagement of young Prince Christian of Denmark and one of the Princesses of Wales. Princess Victoria by disposition and inclination is far more suited to be the consort of a future ruler. But she has neither the beauty, nerve nor charm of Princess Maud, who, as 'Miss Mills,' has, when paying private visits to intimate friends, broken the hearts of scores of susceptible youths. 'Harry,' as the royal family call Princess Maud, is a most fascinating girl, gifted with many talents, a strong will and an affectionate disposition. She is her father's favorite daughter and is in taste and temper exactly fitted to be the wife of an English gentleman. She is very clever with her fingers—after a boyish fashion—and her favorite pastime is stuffing and mounting birds and small animals, wood carving and the working of iron and copper. She rides, drives and skates to perfection, but, contrary to general belief, does not shoot."

## FAUCET OPERA HOUSE.



W. A. LIVERMORE, Manager.

Friday Night, October 4th. Return of the Favorites, The Comedy Kings.

DONNELLY & GIRARD.

And their Big Company, The Cream of the Comedy World, in the Laughing Success.

—THE—

NEW RAINMAKERS.

## THE COMPANY.

Ross and Fenton, Rogers Brothers, Guro Fox, Maude Raymond, Tony Gray, Wm. Lightiel, Gran Langley, Jessie Gardner, Florence Clarke, Max V. Warren, Ada Mansfield, Henry Daus.

DONNELLY & GIRARD.

Everything New, Grand and Funnier than Ever.

Usual prices. Seats now on sale at Box Office.

## ALASKA FUR HOUSE.

403-405 Adams Street, Toledo, Ohio.

Seal Garments, Fur Capes,

and all kinds of Furs, made of the best materials, new styles, and retailed at wholesale prices.

Repairing Work Done at Short Notice.

SUSSMAN & HOFFMAN,

PRACTICAL FURRIERS.


CONVERSATION LUNCHEON.

A New Topic With Each Course, and Lots of Fun for All.

The latest fashionable fad, remarks Town Topics, is the conversation luncheon, which is not to be despised as a warm-weather mode of entertaining. Small tables are used, and at each guest's plate, besides the name card, is placed the menu, with a topic of conversation written beside each course. All conversation except that pertaining to the special subject is forbidden, and in many cases this restriction itself makes the luncheon a very jolly affair. At a recent conversation luncheon held at Newport the subjects chosen for discussion were as follows: With the need bouillon, the guests discussed the question, Is the masculine idea of humor a sort of horseplay? The conversation with the fish treated entirely of the New Woman and the way in which she will clothe herself; the entree was eaten while bicycle tales were being told. With the salad was discussed the college-bred girl. Frozen fruits were eaten while the conversation turned toward the weather and the coffee was sipped during the intervals of a heated discussion for and against woman suffrage.

The Darlington, Wis., Journal says editorially of a popular patent medicine: "We know from experience that Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy is all that is claimed for it, as on two occasions it stopped excruciating pains and possibly saved us from an untimely grave. We would not rest easy over night without it in the house." This remedy undoubtedly saves more pain and suffering than any other medicine in the world. Every family should keep it in the house, for it is sure to be needed sooner or later. For sale by Melville Bros., next to P. O., and C. W. Heister, 58 Public Square.





# OVER 2 MILLION IN USE

The money you paid last year for fuel that was wasted would go a good way toward buying Jewel Stoves and Ranges—the kind that don't waste. Fuel isn't the only thing they save—they spare your time and patience. Our trade mark is on every genuine Jewel. Ask your dealer for them.

**NEWSON, DEAKIN & CO.**

### OGBURN SCHEDULE

Of Arrivals and Departure of trains from Lima, Ohio.

North.		South.	
8:10 a. m.	8:45 a. m.	8:10 a. m.	8:45 a. m.
1:30 p. m.	2:05 p. m.	1:30 p. m.	2:05 p. m.
3:30 p. m.	4:05 p. m.	3:30 p. m.	4:05 p. m.
5:30 p. m.	6:05 p. m.	5:30 p. m.	6:05 p. m.
7:30 p. m.	8:05 p. m.	7:30 p. m.	8:05 p. m.

CHICAGO & MILWAUKEE

East.		West.	
7:30 a. m.	8:05 a. m.	7:30 a. m.	8:05 a. m.
1:30 p. m.	2:05 p. m.	1:30 p. m.	2:05 p. m.
3:30 p. m.	4:05 p. m.	3:30 p. m.	4:05 p. m.
5:30 p. m.	6:05 p. m.	5:30 p. m.	6:05 p. m.
7:30 p. m.	8:05 p. m.	7:30 p. m.	8:05 p. m.

P. F. W. & O.

East.		West.	
7:30 a. m.	8:05 a. m.	7:30 a. m.	8:05 a. m.
1:30 p. m.	2:05 p. m.	1:30 p. m.	2:05 p. m.
3:30 p. m.	4:05 p. m.	3:30 p. m.	4:05 p. m.
5:30 p. m.	6:05 p. m.	5:30 p. m.	6:05 p. m.
7:30 p. m.	8:05 p. m.	7:30 p. m.	8:05 p. m.

P. F. W. & O.

East.		West.	
7:30 a. m.	8:05 a. m.	7:30 a. m.	8:05 a. m.
1:30 p. m.	2:05 p. m.	1:30 p. m.	2:05 p. m.
3:30 p. m.	4:05 p. m.	3:30 p. m.	4:05 p. m.
5:30 p. m.	6:05 p. m.	5:30 p. m.	6:05 p. m.
7:30 p. m.	8:05 p. m.	7:30 p. m.	8:05 p. m.

P. F. W. & O.

### RAILS MELTED BY ELECTRICITY

#### Singular Occurrence on the New York and Hartford Line.

A contemporary states that a rail was melted by an electric current a few weeks ago on a plate girder bridge carrying the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad over Mount Hope street, in North Attleboro, Mass. An electric railway passes under the bridge, but the headway is so limited that the trolley wire is not carried under, but has its ends anchored by three guy wires to the plate girders, the car running under the bridge by its own impetus. Each guy wire has a glass insulator, but one of these was broken, and the current leaked along the wire to the girder and along one of the cross, the top of which was only about three-quarters of an inch below the base of the rail. Rain and an accumulation of cinders facilitated the formation of an arc, and the rail base was melted away until in one place it was only 2½ inches wide. The corrosion was discovered before the passage of the morning train, or a serious derailment might have occurred.

Don't you know that Hood's Sarsaparilla will overcome that tired feeling and give you renewed vigor and vitality?

Don't fail to see the \$1.88 banquet lamps at J. W. Rowlands'.

**What the People Say.**

"I couldn't keep store without Foley's Honey and Tar."

E. D. WHIPPLE, Lonsant, Ill.

"Ship at once—can't sell any other cough medicine."

H. W. ELLIS, Montrose, Wis.

"Foley's Honey and Tar saves me doctor bills every winter."

L. A. TOWNER, Manteno, Ill.

For sale by H. F. Vorkamp, northeast cor. Main and North streets.

**Notice to Natural Gas Consumers.**

All consumers who are using gas by annual contract, are hereby notified that their contracts expire on October first.

The Gas Company is now prepared to make contracts for the coming year, and request all consumers who desire to use gas by annual contract, to make their contracts at once, as the company will require all such contracts to be made not later than Oct. 10th.

Respectfully  
The Lima Natural Gas Co.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.  
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.  
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.  
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

**Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.**

**Do Not Be Imposed On.**

Always insist on getting Foley's Honey and Tar, as it is positively, absolutely and unqualifiedly the best cough medicine. Accept no substitute. For sale by H. F. Vorkamp, northeast cor. Main and North sts.

**Banquet lamps with shades are out of style. The globe is all the rage now. Now is the time to get a \$5.00 lamp for \$1.88 at J. W. Rowlands'.**

**A City Club's Work.**

Although W. T. Mead's building in 1893 was a grand structure on the corner of La Salle and Madison streets, it has long since been torn down and a new building erected on the same site. The new building is a grand structure, and it is a pity that it should have been torn down. The new building is a grand structure, and it is a pity that it should have been torn down.

**Catherine's General.**

The soldiers to whom Catherine was indebted for the glory of the Russian arms included Ruminantoff, the conqueror of Kopeck, the savage Kaminski, who would bite pieces of flesh out of his men at the banqueters and who stripped his prisoners in 20 degrees of cold and dashed cold water over them until they were literally frozen; the Prince of Nassau-Siegen, who was beaten by Gustavus of Sweden at Svenskind; Joseph Ribas, upon whom was written the unusual epiphany that "by his own wife he became a good general, an excellent diplomat and even an honest man," and, most famous of all, Suvoroff, or Suvarrow.

This celebrated general, who figures inaccurately in Byron's "Don Juan," was never defeated in the field. He was short of stature, being only 5 feet 4 inches in height. Suvoroff was idolized by his soldiers. He had implicit faith in his star, his conceit was unbounded, and he behaved sometimes like a raving fanatic. He would come out of his tent stark naked and turn somersaults on his grass. His other eccentricities were equally amazing. At times apparently humane and averse to the shedding of blood, on other occasions he sanctioned the most awful massacres. It was his deliberate conviction that there were only three great generals in the history of modern warfare—Turenne, Laudon and Suvoroff.—Saturday Review.

**Teach Good English.**

Immigration to this country is increasing again, and with it comes increased corruption of the English language. Teachers the country over must redouble their efforts to make their pupils speak and write correct English. It is a fact in our large cities that at least half the public school pupils are of foreign parentage. The English they use is a horror. Many of them attend school a number of years. They can calculate correctly and know geography and United States history. But it seems somehow as if they never do learn to speak English. The composition of their written examination papers is something fearful and wonderful. So is their spelling. It gives rise in the unprejudiced mind to the wonder what public schools are for.

Certainly these schools signify fail to teach the pupil correct English. Far too little attention is paid to composition and the correction of the pupil's habitual speech. There ought to be a drill class in these subjects several times a week. If it is objected that there is not time then, again, what are schools for?

Every dog has his day. So, apparently, has every sheep and goat. The beautiful Angora goat, with its lustrous fleece, has not been particularly profitable to its owner for some years. But suddenly a caprice of fashion demanded that mohair fabrics should be the vogue again. The price of the wool of the Angora goat was 24 cents a pound when fashion took the mohair freak. Within a few months the wool has advanced 100 per cent in price. The mohair weaving firm whose mill cleared them \$5,000,000 in less than five months can afford to take a trip around the world. It is agreeable to know that a little of this prosperity will also reach the man who raises the goats and the wool. The Angora goat has been bred in the southwest more extensively than elsewhere in this country. One ranchman in Texas was fortunate enough to have a flock of 1,000 of the goats at the very time the mohair craze struck. The fabric formerly called alpaca is that now known as mohair.

An important work of the next few years will be the search for low grade gold veins and the invention of methods for extracting the precious metal from them cheaply. In many of the states of the Union these low grade veins are known to exist, but they were not thought rich enough to pay for mining the ore. Now, however, it is different, and every indication of gold is carefully watched. It may be that the trace of gold found in the neighborhood of Oswego, N. Y., will be worth following up. Perhaps the veins of gold already known to exist in the province of Ontario run underground and crop out also in New York. The sample of ore found at Oswego assayed at the rate of \$30 to the ton, which would pay well if more could be found like it.

The crowning achievement of the German language has been reached in the following word: Leuchenzugschwindigkeit; fortbewegung. In English it means "the speed at which a funeral procession moves."

The glass industry is booming again in almost every place where glass is made. So are many other industries. Good times are coming back.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Largest U.S. Gov't Report

# Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

### WOOLING A WIDOW.

After Considerable Experience Mr. Peterkin Found the Right Method.

"I have often wondered," said Squire Ben, "why it was that some women are overwhelmed with suitors, so to speak, while others have not a solitary one. There is something queer about it, but perhaps it comes from perfectly natural conditions, but of which we are unaware. And this reminds me of a story. Some thirty odd years ago—I don't know exactly how many, but it was some time during the war of the rebellion—I heard a story which a returned soldier was reading in a newspaper to a little group around him, to their great enjoyment. The story made such an impression on me that I haven't forgotten it and will tell it in outline.

"Mr. S. C. Peterkin was a prosperous young man of business in New York city, who got ahead in spite of his constitutional modesty. This was his way in society more than in trade. He was afraid of women more than men. For a long, long time he had set his heart upon a lovely young lady named Violet. He often called upon her and resolved again and again to offer her his heart and hand, but as often that heart failed him. At last he became alarmed by the fact that the dashing Captain Latham of one of the sound steamers was often at the house when he called to see Violet. At last he could not bear the suspense any longer, and he ventured, with much hesitancy and awkwardness, but with a die determination, to ask her if she would be his wife. With remarkable coolness she replied:

"You should have spoken long ago, Mr. Peterkin. I have been engaged to Captain Latham for some time past, and we are to be married very shortly. I am sorry to disappoint you, but we will be as good friends as ever, and you must come to see me just the same. The captain will always be glad to have your company."

"Peterkin went away sorrowful. But a brighter day soon dawned, for within three months after they were married the captain fell off the steamer in a fog on the sound and was drowned. Now Peterkin took heart. He would have the widow. A year of mourning wore slowly away. He kept his eye on the widow, but would not insult the memory of the dead by proposing until a decent interval had passed. The year ended, and he laid his heart again at the little feet of Violet. She heard him quietly and gently remarked: "My dear Mr. Peterkin, I am sorry to disappoint you again, but for the last six months I have been engaged to Dr. Jones. It was hard for me to make up my mind between him and his friend, the handsome Lawyer Bright, but Dr. Jones was so good to me while I was sick in the winter after my husband's death that I promised him I would be his at the end of the year."

"So poor Peterkin retired once more. The Widow Latham became Mrs. Dr. Jones, and so remained, while the discomfited Peterkin wished the doctor might take enough of his own pills to make an end of him. Time passed on. Peterkin was walking down Broadway one day, when not far ahead of him he saw two men, one of whom he knew to be this hated Dr. Jones. A large flat stone was being hoisted to the coping of a new building. The ropes gave way. It fell and instantly killed the two men.

"Peterkin rose to the emergency of the moment. For the dead he could be of no avail. His thoughts were on the widow. He turned, he ran, he flew, to her abode. When she entered the room where he awaited her, he began: "My dear Mrs. Jones, I bring you dreadful news. I was walking on Broadway when I saw a stone fall from a house upon your poor husband, and he is dead, but you must let me comfort you. I beg you now to be mine—my Violet at last."

"Dear Mr. Peterkin, I am so sorry, but when Dr. Jones and Mr. Bright were both begging me to marry I took the doctor and promised Mr. Bright if anything happened to Jones I would certainly be his. So you see I am engaged. I am sorry, for I think a great deal of you, my dear Peterkin."

"Peterkin was very calm and self contained. He said, "And will you promise to be mine when the lawyer is no more?" "Certainly I will, with all my heart and soul." "Then come to my arms, my Violet, for the same stone that killed the doctor was the death of Bright, and you are mine at last!"—Boston Herald.

**Same Old Load.**

Noble Lord (looking over his estate)—Hello! I'm afraid Rogers is falling into his old bad habits again.

Head Keeper—Drunk as a—a—a (bolts it) lord, me lord—Pall Mall Budget.

**No Great Shakes.**

A convulsive sob shook his frame. Inasmuch as he was the living skeleton that was all there was of him for it to shake.—Indianapolis Journal.

**Sunday School Boy.**—Isn't there lots of life in ginger, teacher?

Teacher—Yes.

"And bread is supposed to be the staff of life, teacher?"

"Yes, my boy."

"Well, then, it has occurred to me that perhaps Methuselah lived on gingerbread."—Yonkers Statesman.

**It Soothes Him.**

After a man has pounded on the door for half an hour it makes him feel pleasant to be asked by his wife if he wants to come in.—Los Angeles Express.

### SHERIFF'S SALE.

Between the hours of 1 o'clock and 4 o'clock p. m. the following described lands and tenements, situate on Forest avenue in the city of Lima, Allen county, State of Ohio, and described as follows, to-wit:

Lot 1, numbered 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 840, 841, 842, 843, 844, 845, 846, 847, 848, 849, 850, 851, 852, 853, 854, 855, 856, 857, 858, 859, 860, 861, 862, 863, 864, 865, 866, 867, 868, 869, 870, 871, 872, 873, 874, 875, 876, 877, 878, 879, 880, 881, 882, 883, 884, 885, 886, 887, 888, 889, 890, 891, 892, 893, 894, 895, 896, 897, 898, 899, 900, 901, 902, 903, 904, 905, 906, 907, 908, 909, 910, 911, 912, 913, 914, 915, 916, 917, 918, 919, 920, 921, 922, 923, 924, 925, 926, 927, 928, 929, 930, 931, 932, 933, 934, 935, 936, 937, 938, 939, 940, 941, 942, 943, 944, 945, 946, 947, 948, 949, 950, 951, 952, 953, 954, 955, 956, 957, 958, 959, 960, 961, 962, 963, 964, 965, 966, 967, 968, 969, 970, 971, 972, 973, 974, 975, 976, 977, 978, 979, 980, 981, 982, 983, 984, 985, 986, 987, 988, 989, 990, 991, 992, 993, 994, 995, 996, 997, 998, 999, 1000.

Appraised at \$100.00.

Terms of sale—Cash.

AARON FISHER, Sheriff, Allen county, Ohio.

Lima, Ohio, August 29th, 1886.

Prophet & Eastman, plaintiff's attorneys.

### SHERIFF'S SALE.

Case No. 645.

O. H. Rosenbaum, Adm., vs. Allen, Plaintiff, Probate.

S. W. Long et al, Defendants, Court.

By virtue of an order of sale, issued from the Probate Court of Allen county, Ohio, and to me directed, I will offer for sale at the east door of the Court House, in Lima, Allen county, Ohio, on

**SATURDAY, OCTOBER 5th, A. D. 1886.**

Between the hours of 1 o'clock and 4 o'clock p. m. the following described lands and tenements, situate on Forest avenue in the city of Lima, Allen county, State of Ohio, and described as follows, to-wit:

Beginning thirty-three and one-half (33½) feet south of the northwest corner of lot 20 thousand and fifty-seven (2057) in [unclear] first addition to said city of Lima, Ohio, thence east one hundred and sixty (160) feet to the east line of said lot; thence south on the east line of said lot 2057 and [unclear] in said addition thirty-three and [unclear] feet to a point; thence west one hundred and sixty (160) feet to a point in the west line of said lot 2057, thence north on the west line of lot 2057 and 2058 City of Lima, Allen County, Ohio, to the place of beginning, being a part of lots 2057 and 2058 in said addition.

Appraised at \$100.00.

Terms of sale—Cash.

AARON FISHER, Sheriff, Allen county, Ohio.

Lima, Ohio, August 29th, 1886.

Prophet & Eastman, plaintiff's attorneys.

### EXECUTOR'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

The undersigned will offer for sale to the highest bidder at the east door of the court house in Lima, Ohio, on

**SATURDAY, OCT. 26th, 1886.**

at one o'clock p. m. the following premises: "The east half of lot number five (5) in the original plat of the City of Lima, Allen County, Ohio, and except five feet off the south side thereof."

Appraised at \$100.00.

Terms—One third cash; balance in two equal yearly payments, secured by mortgage on the premises.

J. C. THOMSON, Executor of Jane Blake, deceased.

9-18-86—th:ft.

### Administrator's Sale of Real Estate.

In pursuance of an order of the Probate Court of Allen County, Ohio, I will offer for sale, at public auction, on

**THURSDAY, THE 19th DAY OF OCTOBER A. D. 1886.**

At 10 o'clock a. m., upon the premises, the following described real estate, situated in the township of German, county of Allen and State of Ohio, to-wit: "The northwest quarter of the northwest quarter of section number thirty-one (31), township three (3) south, range six (6) east, containing forty-four (44) acres of land, more or less."

Said property is appraised at \$100.00.

Terms of sale—One-third cash in hand, one-third in one year and the balance in two years from date of sale; the deferred payments to be secured by first mortgage upon the premises sold, and to bear six per cent interest from day of sale.

ISAIAH LIMBA, Administrator of the estate of Lydia A. Limba, deceased.

Lima, Ohio, September 9th, 1886. td dw

### Notice of Appointment.

Estate of Samuel Davis, insolvent.

The undersigned has been appointed and qualified as Assignee of the estate of Samuel Davis of Lima in Allen county, Ohio.

Dated this 21st day of September A. D. 1886.

W. L. MACKENZIE, Assignee.

### Assignee's Notice.

Estate of W. I. Stall, insolvent.

The undersigned has been appointed and qualified as assignee of the estate of W. I. Stall, of Lima, Allen county, Ohio. All persons interested will govern themselves accordingly.

Ated this first day of October, A. D. 1886.

W. H. DUFFIELD, Assignee.

## THE First National Bank.

LIMA, OHIO.

CAPITAL.....\$100,000.00

ACCOUNTS SOLICITED.

S. S. WHEELER, PRESIDENT.

C. S. BRICE, VICE PRESIDENT.

C. D. ORITES, CASHIER.

F. C. CUNNINGHAM, ASSISTANT CASHIER.

## THE Commercial Investment Bank.

SAMUEL A. BAXTER & SONS,

Nos. 206 and 208 West High Street, LIMA, OHIO.

Government, State, County,



This Lima Times-Democrat is published every morning (except Sunday) and will be delivered at your address before 6 o'clock each morning. One copy one year, in advance, \$1.00. Six months, in advance, \$0.60. By carrier, per week, \$0.10.

Office—Times Building, No. 221 North Main Street, Lima, O. Telephone Call, No. 44.

Largest Circulation in Lima.

Postage Prepaid Anywhere in United States.

Subscription collections made weekly. Our subscribers will call each week unless some special arrangement be made with him. All subscription accounts must be paid promptly.

The Lima Times-Democrat has the largest circulation of any daily newspaper in northwestern Ohio, outside the larger cities. It reaches into every portion of Lima and goes into every household in Allen county. The Lima Times-Democrat is recognized as the people's paper, and as such is the most popular newspaper in the city. It is read by every one in Lima, and its rapidly increasing circulation is a testimony to its superiority over all competitors.

The Lima Times-Democrat is the Semi-Weekly edition issued by THE LIMA TIMES-DEMOCRAT COMPANY, is without parallel in point of excellence. It contains the columns of choice literary, editorial, news, and advertising matter of great interest to everyone in the country. This excellent newspaper is published for the small sum of

ONE DOLLAR PER YEAR IN ADVANCE. Subscriptions not paid in advance will be charged for at the rate of \$1.00 per year. All communications should be addressed to THE LIMA TIMES-DEMOCRAT PUBLISHING CO., LIMA, OHIO.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET

For Governor, JAMES E. CAMPBELL, of Butler county.  
For Lieutenant Governor, JOHN P. PEASLEE, of Hamilton county.  
For Supreme Judge, WILLIAM T. MOONEY, of Auglaize county.  
For State Auditor, JAMES W. KNOTT, of Richland county.  
For State Treasurer, WILLIAM SCHUBERT, of Gallia county.  
For Attorney General, GEORGE A. FAIRBANKS, of Franklin county.  
For Member Board of Public Works, HARRY B. KEIFER, of Tuscarawas county.  
For Clerk of Supreme Court, JOHN W. CRUICKSHANK, of Miami county.  
For State Senators, 32d District, J. D. JOHNSON, of Mercer County.  
H. J. LAWLER, of Allen County.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET

For Representative, WILLIAM BUSLER.  
For Treasurer, AUGUST G. LUTZ.  
For Sheriff, AARON FISHER.  
For Commissioner, SAMUEL T. WINEGARDNER.  
For Coroner, L. J. STUBBER.  
For Infirmary Director, (Long Term), PETER LEIS, of Spencer Township.  
For Infirmary Director, (Short Term), PETER LEIS, of Spencer Township.  
For Infirmary Director, (Short Term), ELI MUEHLING.

DEMOCRACY vs. REPUBLICANISM.

The Republican campaign managers are making a prodigious effort to capture one or more county offices this fall, in order to more thoroughly intrench their party. They are making all manner of representations and working no end of schemes in order to bring about the result they desire. They are making a campaign of bluff and bluster, hoping that they may get control of the salaries which are attached to those positions. They do not assume that the expense to the people will be less should they succeed in capturing an office or two or that the public affairs will be conducted in any more satisfactory manner than they have been. They simply want the office for its personal benefit to their candidates and for the general benefit of the Ring which controls the present administration of the city and which will get a portion of the emoluments should they be successful in their undertaking.

The Republican party has nothing at all to recommend it to the people as worthy any further control of the public business. It has been tried in the management of municipal affairs in this city with results most disastrous to the taxpayers.

The Republican party has for two years had a representative member of it upon the board of county commissioners and his record is such that his party cannot point to him with any measure of pride—indeed the majority

of the party with most heartily that he had secured to point to, for the more closely it is scrutinized the less credit it will reflect upon him or upon the party of which he is a representative member.

In this city they have had full control for many years in both executive and administrative branches and as a consequence the city is staggering beneath a burden of debt and high taxation that is a glaring outrage upon the taxpayers and a continual detriment to the growth and prosperity of the city. Among the many evils which have followed in the train of such administration we find the following array:

- A corrupt Ring controlling our municipal affairs.
- An empty city treasury.
- A bonded indebtedness of half million of dollars.
- Stuffed pay rolls in the city service.
- City orders hawked about the streets bearing the endorsement "not paid for want of funds."
- Charges of bribery made and not controverted—a condition that never before existed in the city.
- Taxpayers' money squandered without proper equivalent for it.
- Bonded indebtedness increased.
- New tax levies created and old ones increased.
- Extravagance in all branches of the public service where the expenditure of public money is concerned.
- Books of Republican city clerks kept in such condition that an examining board, composed in part of such careful accountants as O. S. Langan, could not fathom them and was compelled to report that he found them in a "badly tangled condition."

In fact the whole history of the Republican administration of the city is so badly permeated with suspicion that the taxpayers cannot fail to see that to place such a gang in control of the public affairs of the county would be no less than a public calamity. There is absolutely nothing to commend them to the public as worthy of the management of the county's business.

On the other hand a glance into the public affairs of Allen county as at present managed by Democratic officers discloses quite a different condition of affairs. The county is almost out of debt, owing only \$10,000, the balance due on the building of the Children's Home. She has good buildings, good roads and a low county tax levy; money in the treasury and county orders paid on demand; honest, capable officials, above the taint of suspicion, and the general financial condition of the county such as will compare with any other county in Ohio. The ticket presented by the Democracy is composed of gentlemen the peers of the present incumbents—gentlemen who are fully capable, above reproach, and who will receive the merited support of the party at the polls on the fifth of next November.

If the money paid by the taxpayers in this city would be used for the legitimate expenses of the city government our tax rate would not exceed 2 per cent, but with the wanton extravagance which now characterizes all our city transactions it will reach to nearly 3 per cent. It is expensive to support a ring with the instincts of a cormorant, which devours the substance of the taxpayers, yet that is what the unfortunate people of Lima are doing under the Republican administration in Lima.

With every department of the state government, and nearly or all the public institutions increasing their expenditures at the rate of 20 per cent since 1891, no wonder the state's revenues fall below the expenditures and money has to be borrowed. The Republican leaders try to explain this by saying that it is only because salaries have been increased and offices multiplied. And by that token we propose to turn them out of power.

A dollar in the hands of your wife, when she goes shopping in 1895, goes as far as \$1.50 did in 1892 under the McKinley bill, and the goods and wares she purchases are better than they were then. And yet the Republican leaders declare that if indorced by the people they will re-establish high taxation, high prices for the necessities of life and shoddy for the plain people. Are you in favor of it?

What is supposed to be the fastest boat in the world, the new Russian torpedo vessel Sokol, 190 feet long, able to run 30 miles an hour, is built of aluminum and bronze alloys, just as the victorious American yacht Defender was. The belief that sea water would corrode hopelessly aluminum and its alloys is proving to be a mistake. Perhaps the time will come when the great ocean steamers will be made of this metal. Then there will scarcely be a limit to their speed.

Don't Be Long-Headed. It is to be regretted that the almost unmitigated pleasure of certain recent celebrations was marred by the adamant determination of a few orators, not very great ones at that, to have their say if it took all night, even though nobody else got a word in edgewise. It is always so.

There never was a banquet, a celebration, a political meeting, a camp meeting or a scientific convention in which a few long-winded harangues did not take up most of the time with stupid papers and speeches that nobody listened to and that it would have nearly killed anybody if he had tried to listen to.

It is noticeable that these conceited and stupid individuals are never newspaper people. If they had had the invaluable training in their youth of being forced to boil things down, they would never have been the fearful bores that they are.

The only way to remedy the curse of long windiness at public meetings is to have the time that each speaker shall use allowed beforehand to the minute. Let that time be announced to each one at the time when he is invited to make his speech. Let him then prepare his talk or paper accordingly. He should take his watch and rehearse actually the speech, so as to see to the exact minute how long it takes. Then let him bring it within the limit, though it takes out every poetical sentiment and every adjective. Here is a great secret: Ninety-nine out of every hundred public addresses would be improved and strengthened by cutting them down one-half.

When you make a speech, find out first just how much time you can have without depriving others of their right to talk. Occupy that time—not a second over. Then people will want to hear you again. But if in spite of all warning a stupid speaker persists in going on after his time is out let the master of ceremonies stop him promptly at the moment, no matter who he is. The presiding officer owes it to the audience to protect them from bores.

Peary. Possibly the greatest practical result of Lieutenant Peary's achievements will be the proving that white men can live through an arctic winter north of 77 degrees latitude—live, too, in comparative comfort. Since he has done it others will attempt the same feat, and among them all sooner or later the pole itself will be reached.

Americans hoped, in spite of the probabilities against it, that Peary, the American, might actually reach the pole. That he got no farther north than Independence bay, the point he himself had discovered and named on his former journey, is a disappointment. Still the exploration of the north coast of Greenland eastward is much. So is the bringing home to America of the richest collection of extreme arctic geological, botanical and zoological treasures ever brought together. Peary has made five successful arctic expeditions and returned home safe from all. If he had been able to find the provisions buried previously, he would have accomplished more.

Lieutenant Melville's opinion that the true way to reach the pole is through Franz Josef Land, north of the Russian territory of Nova Zembla, may be the correct one. And Peary had too many dogs and not enough men in his train, says Melville. It may be so. It may be, too, that the Englishman, Jackson, who entered the frozen zone by way of Franz Josef Land, will return in 1896 with news that he actually reached the pole. Nevertheless Peary has done work that will place him among famous explorers in all time.

Those burning Irish patriots who are breathing hot fire and brimstone and bloody murder against England have no interest in the matter, of course, but it is as well to remind other people that the export trade of the United States to England is greater than to all the rest of the world put together. Thousands of American business men are today needing and trying to secure English capital to develop paying enterprises in various parts of the country. The English capital is coming too. The most disastrous thing that could happen to the United States from the pocket point of view is a quarrel with England, or, what is nearly as bad, a British public opinion inflamed against us. It is neither cowardly nor pusillanimous to consider the pocket point of view. An issue on which the prosperity of half the people of this nation depends is a very proper one to be considered.

George B. Cox had it all his own way at the Republican convention at Cincinnati. And he will have it all his own way in the state of Ohio if he and his leaders are not buried beneath the Red Sox of the people's wrath on the 5th day of next November.

COURT HOUSE NEWS.

MARRIAGE LICENSES. T. S. G. Rose and Maria Arnatt. A. H. Miller and Barbara Mack.

Governor Campbell at Van Wert. Governor Campbell will address the Democracy of Van Wert tomorrow afternoon at 1 p. m. A delegation will go from Lima, leaving here at 9:20 a. m. and returning on special train at 3:30 p. m. A large delegation should go from here.

Colonel Crofton Was a Close Call at the Hands of Lieutenant Pague. CHICAGO, Oct. 4.—(about 11. E. A. Crofton, commander of the Fifteenth infantry at Fort Sheridan, narrowly escaped death, or at least a severe wound, at the hands of Lieutenant S. S. Pague of company F, Fifteenth infantry, yesterday evening. The lieutenant fired three shots at the commander. One passed through a loose fold of his overcoat, just over the right groin, the second and third passed close to the body. Lieutenant Pague a few moments before had escaped from the hospital, where he had been undergoing treatment for mental trouble, occasioned, it is said, by over indulgence in liquor. At the fort it was said that the lieutenant was not responsible for his act and that his meeting with Colonel Crofton was of chance.

STEAMER IN DISTRESS.

She Was Throwing Up Rockets—and Asked For Assistance. PLYMOUTH, Oct. 4.—The steamer Oceana reports that in latitude 44:15 north and longitude 12 west she cited the Hamburg steamer Petropolis throwing up rockets. The Petropolis asked the Oceana to tow her into some port and the Oceana stood by her for two hours, but not seeing that the Petropolis was in any way seriously damaged, the Oceana declined to take the Petropolis in tow. The commander of the Oceana expressed the belief that the Petropolis is only delayed through a derangement of her machinery. She was on her way to Hamburg from Smyrna.

IT CAME LATE.

Bounty of the Government Too Long Withheld. MAPLE RAPIDS, Mich., Oct. 4.—Mrs. Jane Hudson has been close to poverty for several years past, while she waited in vain for a pension to which she was entitled. Three days ago she was stricken with illness, largely caused through want. Last night she received a letter from the pension department enclosing a check for \$1,600 back pension money. Two hours later she passed away.

Attempt to Burn a Church.

STEEBENVILLE, O., Oct. 4.—A second attempt has been made to fire First M. E. church of this city. There is scaffolding in the church for the purpose of repairs due to a late attempt to burn the church. The tips had been taken out of the gas jets and the jets arranged so that when lighted the gas would play in about 25 places of the scaffolding. The janitor discovered the plot by the presence of escaping gas.

Still After Tammany.

NEW YORK, Oct. 4.—The chamber of commerce met and received a report from its committee on municipal reform. This committee is composed of former members of the committee of 70. They advise that the chamber adopt all honorable and reasonable measures to bring about a fusion ticket to oppose Tammany hall.

Miners Demand an Advance.

PHILIPSBURG CENTER, Pa., Oct. 4.—The miners convention resolved to make a demand on all operators in the northern and central Pennsylvania districts for an advance of 5 cents a ton in the mining rate. If the operators do not reply by the 10th, action will be taken with references to a strike.

Charged With Embezzlement.

CHICAGO, Oct. 4.—J. P. Carruthers, brother of Bob Carruthers, the well known ex-Chicago ball player and present manager of the Grand Rapids Western team, is in custody charged with embezzling from his employers, Kelly, Mans & Company, hardware merchants.

He Was Drunk.

JACKSON, O., Oct. 4.—Pete Johns jumped from a moving train while drunk and was killed.

Safe Blown Open.

GREEN CAMP, O., Oct. 4.—The safe in Porter & Somerlor's store was blown and \$300 taken.

Republican Nomination.

BROOKLYN, Oct. 4.—The Republicans of Brooklyn last night nominated for mayor Frederick W. Warster, the present fire commissioner.

Didn't See the Train.

ELYRIA, O., Oct. 4.—Antone Dolles was run down and killed while crossing the Nickel Plate tracks. His horses were also killed.

Fought With Shovels.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., Oct. 4.—George Meadock and William Frank, furnace men, fought with shovels and Frank will die.

SNAP SHOTS

At Fencing Events in Many Different Places.

In Ohio during the past year 152 persons committed suicide.

Governor Reindorf declares that Oklahoma now has a population of 375,000.

There were 1,032 deaths by accident or negligence in Ohio during the past year.

The Spanish government has appointed a new representative in this country.

Governor West reports that the population of Utah is 247,324 and its property valuation \$88,000,000.

The gold production of South Africa during August was the largest for any single month in its history.

R. S. Humphries is under arrest at Edwardsville, Ala., charged with murdering James Bryant and burning his body.

October 19 has been fixed for the launch of the battleship Victoria at Cuthbert. This vessel will be launched within 17 months of her laying down.

The Empire Music hall, London, has succeeded in obtaining the restoration of its license to sell intoxicating drinks in the auditorium of that place of amusement.

Another case of a dual life has come to light by the death of D. A. Martin, a prominent grain dealer of Chicago and Milwaukee, who, it has developed, left a family in each city.

The pope will soon be the possessor of probably the most valuable chair on earth. It is constructed of solid silver, and is of the value of \$40,000. It is the gift of Mr. Troop, a wealthy American banker.

Mrs. Langtry has made a formal demand upon the Union bank of London for the sum of \$200,000, the value of the jewels she deposited with the bank, which were subsequently surrendered by the bank to a stranger upon his presentation of a forged order.

JAPAN'S COTTON SPINNERS

Want the Government to Subsidize a Line of Steamers For Their Benefit.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 4.—Colonel John A. Cockerill, writing from Yokohama, Japan, to The Manufacturers' Record, says:

"The Cotton Spinners' association of Osaka is now trying to induce the Japanese government to subsidize a line of steamers to ply between Osaka and Yokohama and a point on the west coast of Mexico. The idea is to secure a steamship line wholly controlled by the Japanese government and which will connect with the Tehuantepec railway.

"By this route it is thought the cotton of the southern states can be reached cheaper than by the way of Tacoma. It is more than likely that this enterprise will be carried out, for the Japanese are giving great attention to the subject of colonization in Mexico. Another company has been formed here with Viscount Enomoto at its head to purchase lands in Mexico and locate thereon some of the surplus population of Japan.

"Japan is destined to become one of the greatest cotton-spinning countries in the world. She will purchase 90 per cent of her raw material in the United States when the transportation rates are properly adjusted."

Chile Again In Trouble.

SUCRE, Bolivia, Oct. 4.—The Peruvian minister in Bolivia has data, unofficially communicated, that President Beirutas' government, in view of Chile's reported intention to give the provinces of Tacna and Arica to Bolivia, proposes to demand from Chile an agreement to place those provinces in the hands of a friendly foreign power, which shall act as a protectorate until the result of the plebiscite is known.

Governor Greenhalge Hears Something.

BOSTON, Oct. 4.—A large number of Republicans from various parts of the state, delegates to the coming state convention, met in this city to consider the situation, and after careful consideration it was voted unanimously to oppose the nomination of Governor Greenhalge.

Catholics to Vote as a Unit.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 4.—Mgr. Stephan charges Secretary Hoke Smith with discriminating against Roman Catholics in the administration of Indian affairs, and advises that the Roman Catholic vote of the United States be cast as a unit hereafter.

Whites and Blacks Must Not Intermarry.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Oct. 4.—Constitutional convention, by an overwhelming majority, has adopted a clause forbidding the intermarriage of a white person with any person who contains any negro blood whatever in his or her veins.

Francis Coffin Convicted.

INDIANAPOLIS, Oct. 4.—In the Indianapolis National bank case against Francis and Percival Coffin for conspiracy, the jury returned a verdict that Francis Coffin was guilty as charged and that Percival was not guilty.

Fatally Shot His Unfaithful Wife.

CHICAGO, Oct. 4.—Edward Moe shot and fatally injured his wife a North Market street hotel, to which she had gone with Peter Nelson. He broke down the door of their room. Nelson made his escape.

An Unfortunate Hanged.

JERSEY CITY, Oct. 4.—John C. Zech otherwise known as Fish John, was executed in the county jail in this city for the murder of his wife June S. Zech. Zech was the motive of Zech's crime.

Heavy Snowfall in Scotland.

EDINBURGH, Oct. 4.—There was a heavy snowfall about Loch Rannoch accompanied by a heavy gale of wind. There are seven inches of snow on Ben Nevis.

Treasury Statement.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 4.—The statement of the condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balance, \$155,672,852; gold reserve, \$92,717,557.

Preferred Death to Moving.

DEFAUNCE, O., Oct. 4.—James Long, 40, committed suicide by shooting because he had been requested to move from the farm he had recently sold.

They Hit the Pipe.

TOLEDO, O., Oct. 4.—Police raided a Chinese opium joint in the heart of the city and captured young girls belonging to prominent families here.

MARKET REPORTS.

Grain and Stock Quotations For Oct. 3.

New York.

Beef—Family, 10 00/12 00; extra meat, 10 00/12 00; packed, 9 00/10 00. Cut meat—Pickled bellows, 8 00/9 00; pickled shoulders, 6 00/7 00; pickled hams, 6 00/7 00. Lard—Western steam, 10 00/11 00. Pork—New mess, 9 75/10 00; family, 12 25; short clear, 12 00/12 25.

Butter—Western dairy, 15 00/16 00; do creamery, 16 00/17 00; do factory, 16 12 1/2/17 00; Eggs—State large, 25 00/26 00; small, 24 00/25 00; part skims, 24 00/25 00; full skims, 25 00/26 00. Cheese—State large, 10 00/11 00; small, 9 00/10 00; western, 10 00/11 00.

Chicago.

Cattle—Fair to best heifers, 43 25/45 00; stockers and feeders, 42 25/43 00; mixed cows and bulls, 41 00/42 00; Texas, 41 75/43 00; western, 42 00/43 10.

Hogs—Light, 35 25/40 45; rough packing and shipping, 35 00/40 40; mixed and butchers, 35 00/40 40; heavy packing and shipping, 35 00/40 40; pigs, 32 25/34 25.

Sheep—Native, 31 00/33 40; western, 32 25/34 25; Texas, 32 00/32 55; Lambs—42 00/44 00.

Pittsburg.

Cattle—Prime, 44 25/45 40; fair to good butchery, 44 00/45 25; bulls, cows and steers, 41 00/42 25.

Hogs—Heavy, 34 00/35 75; medium, 34 00/35 75; light, 33 00/34 25.

Sheep and Lambs—Extra, 34 00/35 10; good prime, 32 40/32 60; common, 30 00/31 00; spring lambs, 32 00/33 25. Veal calves, 35 00/36 50.

Cleveland.

Hogs—Yorkers, 44 40/45 45; mediums, 44 35/45 40; pigs, 44 00/45 35.

Cattle—Fair to good steers, 1,000/1,200 pounds, 44 00/45 25; good steers, 1,000/1,200 pounds, 43 50/44 25.

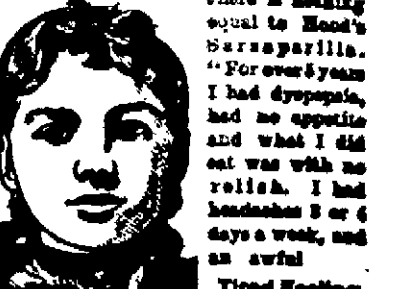
What—No. 2 cod, 60 00/60 00. Corn—No. 2 mixed, 38 00/38 00. Oats—No. 2 mixed, 30 00/30 00.

Lard—55 00. Bulk meats—\$6 00. Bacon—40 00/40 40. Cattle—44 25/45 00. Sheep—42 00/43 00. Lambs—42 00/43 00.

What—No. 1 white, 38 00/38 00. No. 2 white, 37 00/37 00. No. 3 white, 36 00/36 00. No. 4 white, 35 00/35 00. No. 5 white, 34 00/34 00. No. 6 white, 33 00/33 00. No. 7 white, 32 00/32 00. No. 8 white, 31 00/31 00. No. 9 white, 30 00/30 00. No. 10 white, 29 00/29 00.

A Good Appetite

Is essential to good health, and for maintaining and sharpening the desire for food there is nothing equal to Hood's Sarsaparilla.



"For every year I had dyspepsia, had no appetite and what I did eat was with no relish. I had headaches 3 or 4 days a week, and a tired feeling when I went to bed. I seldom had a good night's rest. But I am glad to say Hood's Sarsaparilla has cured all my ills. I rest well at night, have a hearty appetite and can perform my household duties easily. I am glad to report the success of Hood's Sarsaparilla."

ELMORA E. THOMAS, Forestville, Md.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the only True Blood Purifier prominently in the public eye today.

Hood's Pills

care habitual constipation. Price 25 cents.

A Special Excursion Train

of eight coaches will leave C. & E. depot at 6:30 a. m. Sunday, October 6th for Summit 140 miles southeast of Lima on O. S. The woods are all of chestnuts. \$1 round trip. 2-4

Banquet lamps 27 in high for \$1.88 at J. W. Rowlands'.

tf

Prof. McCloskey's

Children class every Saturday afternoon in Music Hall at 2 o'clock.

Porter & Son

Have furnished one of their very fine pianos for the use of the W. O. T. C. convention. The carrying quality of the tone of this piano is giving splendid satisfaction and is pure and clear. The ladies are very much pleased with the instrument. It

The Climates banquet lamp

is the latest and most artistic banquet lamp ever produced in this or any other country. High art hand work. For \$1.88 at J. W. Rowlands'. tf

\$1 to St. Paris,

Springfield, South Charleston, Washington C. H. or Greenfield and return via the Ohio Southern, Sunday, October 6th. Train leaves C. & E. depot at 6:30 a. m. 2-2t

Children Cry for

Pitcher's Castoria.

The greatest lamp sale ever in Lima now going, on at J. W. Rowlands'. tf

Mackintoshes

That are right in style, right in quality and right in prices, at Kelt's dry goods store.

Don't fail to see the \$1.88

banquet lamps at J. W. Rowlands'. tf

No. 2035.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION

OF THE

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

At Lima, in the State of Ohio, at the close of business, September 22, 1895.

RESOURCES.	DOLLARS.
Loans and discounts .....	\$75,228 81
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured ..	4,44 38
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation ..	25,000 00
Premium on U. S. Bonds .....	3,800 00
Stocks, securities, etc. ....	12,315 95
Banking-house, furniture and fixtures ..	5,500 00
Other real estate and mortgages ..	29,838 15
Owned by National Banks (not Reserve Agents) ..	4,218 88
Due from State Banks and bankers ..	1,130 25
Due from approved reserve agents ..	117,012 24
Checks and other cash items .....	25 92
Notes of other National Banks .....	5,000 00
Notes of other currency, nickels and cents .....	25 97



**TENTH TIME**  
Mrs. Henrietta Monroe is Elected President  
The afternoon meeting of yesterday was called to order by the president at 1:30 o'clock and the usual devotional exercises were conducted by Mrs. Mary Castle, of Columbus.  
The minutes of this morning's meeting were read and approved, after which the annual report of the corresponding secretary, Mrs. Anna Lettie H. Clevenger, of Wilmington, was read. This report defined the most successful work being accomplished by the different departments.  
The report was quite lengthy and upon motion she was granted permission to condense it.  
Hon. R. S. Thompson, of Springfield, was present to the convention and he made a few brief remarks, after which Secretary M. C. Williams, the local Y. M. C. A. was introduced by the president. Mr. Williams made a few well chosen remarks stating that while his work dealt directly with the young men, he most heartily wished the ladies to speed in their work.  
Another selection was given by the Silver Lake Quartette, after which Prof. Hopkins spoke briefly in behalf of Lathrop Chapel.  
A greeting from Francis A. Willard was read by the corresponding secretary and was received with enthusiasm.  
The annual report of the state treasurer, Mrs. Estelle J. Purdum, of Chillicothe, was next in order, but as time was limited only a brief summary was read.  
Greetings from different unions and persons throughout the state were read by the corresponding secretary.  
It was announced that the free will offering of yesterday morning had amounted to \$63.80.  
The revision of constitution was the next important matter to be taken up, and Mrs. Lillian Cole Bethel, Mrs. Anna Clark and Mrs. Henrietta L. Monroe, the committee on the revision, reported, submitting a complete revision of the constitution, which was read and each section of it was read separately and as adopted, amended or rejected. His work occupied the remainder of the afternoon.  
The report of the superintendents of the organization, Sabbath observance, work among foreigners, parlor meetings, press work, legislative and titution work, and systematic and opportunate giving departments were held over for this morning's meeting, and the convention adjourned for supper. The work of updating the revised constitution not being completed in the afternoon session, was continued in the lower room of the church during last evening's meeting above.  
**LAST NIGHT'S MEETING.**  
Last evening was Young Woman's evening and Miss Frances H. Ensign, state Secretary of the Young Women's Department was the presiding officer. The opening devotional exercises were conducted by Miss Orville Miller, Assistant State Secretary, of Delaware.  
The speaker of the evening was Mrs. Frances J. Barnes, of New York City, and National Secretary of the Young Woman's Branch. Mrs. Barnes is a very eloquent speaker and worthy of the honor and distinction she bears. Her address was full of beautiful and impressive illustrations and was very entertaining.  
The audience was very large but as attentive and interested and the speaker was frequently applauded.  
After the address was concluded the Silver Lake Quartette sang and Mrs. Barnes made the closing remarks by stating that she would endeavor to organize a Young Woman's Branch in this city and would be pleased to take names of any wishing to join the services.  
The quartette sang a closing hymn and the audience was dismissed with the benediction of the Christian Endeavor Society led by Miss Ensign.  
**THE MEETING THIS MORNING**  
was one of the most interesting of the entire session. The number of delegates in attendance was larger than at any previous meeting.  
The devotional exercises were conducted by Charlotte A. Boyer, of Ripley.  
The minutes of yesterday afternoon's meeting were read and approved.  
The following annual reports were read: Railroad work, Mrs. Helen Bay, of Youngstown, and Organization, Mrs. Harriette E. Hammond, of Cleveland.  
The president, Mrs. Monroe, announced that two new departments of work—namely, the School Savings Bank and Purity in Literature and Art—had been introduced.  
Mrs. Foote, of Cleveland, superintendent of the School Savings Bank department, was called and she explained the workings and advantages of that new department. The school savings bank system was first introduced in this country in the schools of Long Island City, N. Y., in 1885. To Mr. J. H. Thiry, from France, belongs the credit of furnishing an easy system of administration and a well rounded practical example of its work in the public schools. In a total of one hundred and thirty-eight school rooms in the state of Pennsylvania, Colorado and Kansas, statistics show the following:  
Number of scholars on register, 6,933; number of depositors, 2,381; amount withdrawn, \$329.20; now on deposit, \$5,217.71.  
Mrs. Foote closed by saying that if the way be opened in the schools for the children to save their pennies they would acquire the habit that would be such an advantage to them in the future.  
Mrs. Mary W. Castle, of Columbus, who is superintendent of the Purity in Literature and Art department, stated the object of her department was to suppress and prevent the publishing of obscene items of scandal and obscene advertisements in the newspapers and to also suppress the issue of obscene pictures. She stated in a recent extreme violation of the State law in reference to obscene pictures, the W. C. T. U. had prosecuted the violators, a man and a woman, who had, for the crime, received terms of five and two and a half years respectively in the penitentiary.  
**THE FINAL REPORT**  
of the committee on credentials was read, showing the following attendants. General officers, 4; trustees, 6; vice presidents, 16; department superintendents, 10; delegates, 217.  
Anna E. August reported briefly upon the progress of the Sabbath School department and Mrs. Lillian Cole Bethel, of Columbus, made a few remarks about the necessity of members being well drilled in parliamentary laws.  
The committee on finance reported that \$72.40 had been received in the good will offering during the convention.  
The president announced that the election of the general officers was next in order, and that eight tellers should be chosen before the nominations. The tellers chosen were Mrs. Mary Castle, Mary R. Klein, Mrs. Louise F. Hedges, Miss Lizzie George, Miss Foster, Miss Alice Kunkle, Mrs. L. J. Calkins and Mrs. Henrietta L. Moore. Nominations of candidates for the office of state president were first called for and the president, Mrs. Henrietta L. Monroe, of Xenia, O., was nominated for re-election and Mrs. Lillian Cole Bethel, of Columbus, was also nominated.  
The tellers collected the ballots and retired, returning in a few minutes, reporting that 219 votes had been cast and the announcement was made that Mrs. Henrietta L. Monroe was re-elected to serve for the year in the capacity of state president, she having received 137 votes and Mrs. Bethel 82. The announcement was received with applause, and "Praise God From Whom All Blessings Flow" was sung by the entire convention.  
The election of vice president-at-large was second in order and a motion was made, previous to the report of the tellers, to elect by acclamation to the office of vice president the one receiving the second largest number of votes for president.  
This motion was declared contrary to the constitution. The motion was withdrawn and a motion to defer the election of vice president until after all other elections were over was carried.  
For the office of corresponding secretary Mrs. Anne W. Clark, of Columbus, and Mrs. A. H. Clevenger, of Wilmington, O., were nominated. The number of votes cast were 218 Mrs. Anna W. Clark was elected, she receiving 110 votes and the other candidate 108 votes.  
For the office of recording secretary Mrs. Louise F. Hedges, of Piqua, and Miss Anna M. Pollock, the present recording secretary, were nominated. There were 213 votes cast and Miss Pollock was elected to serve a fourth term in that office, she receiving 141 votes and Mrs. Hedges receiving 72 votes.  
For state treasurer Miss Emma Goodwill, Mrs. Sarah M. Perkins, of Cleveland, and Mrs. Estelle J. Purdum, of Chillicothe, were nominated. The first ballot was lost because neither candidate received a sufficient number of votes to elect, 110 being necessary. Mrs. Perkins having received the least number of votes, withdrew with consent of the convention, and a second ballot resulted in the election of Miss Emma Goodwill, of Canton, who received 126 votes.  
For the office of vice-president, Mrs. Lillian Cole Bethel, of Columbus; Mrs. Mrs. M. G. Townsend, of Holgate, and Mrs. A. H. Clevenger, of Wilmington. The first ballot was lost and Mrs. Townsend withdrew, with the consent of the convention. The second ballot resulted in the election of Mrs. A. H. Clevenger, who received 109 votes. Mrs. Bethel received 98 votes.  
After a few announcements were made the convention adjourned until 1:15 o'clock.  
**WHITE RIBBONS.**  
Prof. Hopkins and his famous vocal quartette, which rendered several splendid selections at the convention yesterday and last night, left this morning for Pennsylvania.  
The local W. C. T. U. unions deserve credit for the efficient manner in which the visitors have been entertained and to them much credit is also due for the pronounced success which the convention has been.  
The speaker of this evening will be Mrs. Henrietta G. Moore, of Springfield, who will address the audience upon the interesting subject, "What American Citizenship should Mean". Mrs. Moore is an eloquent speaker and her address will doubtless be one of interest.  
Mrs. Lillian Cole Bethel, of Columbus, who served as a member of the committee on Revision of the Constitution, is one of the most earnest workers of the cause in the state, and is also one of the best read in parliamentary law. Her parliamentary drills which she frequently gives in conventions are very instructive.  
Mrs. Helen M. Gouge, of Lafayette, Ind., who delivered the eloquent address upon "The Woman's Christian Temperance Union and the Liquor League", on Wednesday evening, is not only an unusually able temperance lecturer, but is also well read in law and has been admitted to the bar at Lafayette, Ind. Through her untiring efforts during the terrible cold weather last winter, when thousands of homeless men, women and children suffered from hunger and cold in Chicago, the famous Wash-bash station was fitted up into a comfortable sleeping place for the suffering ones who had been sleeping on cold stones and cement floors without blankets or beds of any description. More than 3,000 people occupied that station the first night after it was equipped.  
**GOT DRUNK**  
And Was Harled Skyward by an L. E. & W. Engine.  
John Blue, living four miles west of St. Marys, hit by Engine 123—Taken to St. Marys on a Handcar.  
John Blue, a farmer who lives four miles west of St. Marys, blew into the latter place day before yesterday and blew in money enough to get a considerable jag on board and then started home, walking along the L. E. & W. railroad track. A west-bound freight came up behind him and the whistle blew, but Blue paid no attention to it and consequently he was hurled skyward.  
The train was No. 123 and was in charge of conductor J. P. Jackson and engineer Pontius, of this city. The engineer saw the man walking along the track ahead of the train when they were about half a mile west of St. Marys, and when the fellow showed no inclination to get out of the way he reversed the engine but could not bring the train standstill until after the pilot had hurled the intoxicated man from the track.  
A first the trainmen thought that Blue had been killed outright, but he soon showed signs of life and was turned over to a gang of section hands who hauled him back to St. Marys on a handcar while the freight train proceeded westward. At St. Marys the company's physician examined Blue's wounds and found him to be sobered considerably and very badly frightened, but suffering only from a few bruises, which were not so serious as to prevent him from going home in the evening.  
**TRYING TO COMPROMISE.**  
The Attorneys in the Craig-L. E. & W. Case May Get Together.  
Last spring F. B. Craig, an L. E. & W. brakeman, was given a judgment against the road of \$12,000 for the loss of both legs. The judgment remains unsatisfied, and on Tuesday Marshal Harmon went down to Lima and levied on two locomotives and some twenty acres of land on which are located the car shops of the company. The marshal left a man in charge of the property, but an arrangement was made by which the company is allowed the use of the engines pending a settlement. Since this action by the marshal the attorneys have held several conferences and an effort is being made to compromise the matter some way.—Toledo Blade.  
**PLEADED GUILTY**  
To Selling Adulterated Catsup and Ammonia.  
About ten days ago the TIMES-DEMOCRAT contained the announcement that deputy food inspectors were in the city in search of evidence against store keepers, and yesterday they began six cases in Squire Attnum's court. Three were against grocers for selling adulterated catsup and ammonia. They all pleaded guilty and were fined the minimum, \$30 and costs.  
The other cases were against dairy-men who will fight the cases.  
**OIL AND GAS.**  
BLUFFTON OIL NEWS.  
The Bart Jackson well is growing better as the salt water is pumped off. Twenty barrels of oil were pumped off one day last week. Bowls & Co. began a new rig Monday at the southwest corner of the Fowler farm, one location from the big Montgomery well.  
Work was suspended on well No. 4 on the Badertscher farm last week on account of the boiler giving out.  
The Wm. Gallant well was shot last Friday and we were told will pump from thirty to fifty barrels a day.  
The Ohio began drilling this week on the C. J. Gallant well, opposite Fowler No. 1.  
The Ohio Oil Co. placed two new boilers and engines in the field last Tuesday.  
The rig is up for No. 1 on the Heininger farm.  
A new rig is up on the Harrison Anderson farm.—Bluffton News.  
**Auglize Blankets**  
Will keep you warm these cool nights. You can buy them at Feltz's dry goods store.

**LIMA NORTHERN.**  
Work on Grade Between Ottawa and Columbus Grove.  
Route May Be Changed from Adrian to Hudson-Detroit Connections.  
J. B. Townsend, who is taking up the right-of-way for the Lima Northern road, was home last evening, and just before his departure for Napoleon said the line had been determined upon, and that the road would branch off to Hamlet at Leipsic, then on to Malinta, Napoleon and Wauseon. The road will then go through McReuch, where it will strike the Wabash and gain an entrance into Detroit over that line. It was the original intention for the road to pass through Adrian, Mich., but the people of that town are not displaying much interest in the enterprise and it will go to Huron, where the C. J. & M. can be reached just as well.  
SOUTH FROM OTTAWA.  
On last Sunday morning four or five car loads of mules, scrapers, &c., arrived to work on the grade of the Lima Northern Ry. They struck camp at the base line south of this place and commenced work there toward the south. As soon as the right of way can be obtained the work will be commenced northward from the base line.—Ottawa Sentinel.  
TOWARD COLUMBUS GROVE.  
The Lima Northern is booming right along. A very large force of men with teams now have their tents pitched about three miles south of the Grove and grading toward this city. In ten days or two weeks they will have reached the town. From present indications Columbus Grove will have the third railroad yet this winter.—Columbus Grove Clipper.  
**PRESIDENT FOR THE O. S.**  
It is said that a son of Gen. Samuel Thomas, who is Senator Brice's partner in his railroad business, will be made president of the Ohio Southern, which is now in the hands of receivers, says the Cleveland Plain Dealer of Thursday. Before it went into the hands of the United States Court George Saul was the President. He was also one of the receivers, but was removed. The present receivers are Brice's friends. It is said that the young man will really be president, and be given a chance to make the Ohio Southern and Lima Northern, when they are united so far as traffic rates are concerned, a competitor of the C. H. & D.  
The election of young Thomas is not quite a certainty. There is, however, nothing uncertain about the change made on the C. A. & C. yesterday. L. Rush Brockenborough, who has been traffic manager, has been succeeded by H. C. Parker, who holds that position on the L. E. & W. When Mr. Parker came to the city Monday, with General Manager Bradbury, it was guessed that Parker would be given another job, and the surprise was about right. It is thought that Brockenborough can have the general freight management if he wants it.  
**NOTES.**  
Supt. C. H. Roser, of the Ohio Southern, is home from Springfield.  
Engineer Lee, of the C. & E., is laying off. Engineer Gravell is running engine 105 on his west local run.  
Will Quillen, of Sidney, who lost a leg while braking on the L. E. & W. a year or two ago, is the guest of friends here.  
Engineer Helm, of the C. & E. Marion local, is laying off on account of the death of a relative. Engineer Krouck is running the 114.  
General manager George L. Bradbury and general traffic manager H. C. Parker, of the L. E. & W. came here from the P. A. & W. division in the former's private car, on train No. 5 Wednesday and continued to Indianapolis yesterday morning.  
General Superintendent Waldo, General Manager Green and Division Superintendent Husted, of the C. H. & D., are in town to-day. A meeting was held in attorney Swayne's office in which the officials discussed matters pertaining to the many improvements being made on their property in and around Toledo.—Toledo Bee.  
**J. W. Rowlands, general house furnisher.**  
**Y. M. C. A. Class Schedule.**  
This afternoon at 4:45 o'clock the second Business Men's class was in session for thirty minutes. The exercise is purely hygienic.  
This evening at 8 o'clock the first Clerk's class meets for organization.  
Men, what will your physical condition be ten years hence, if you have slight ailments now? Open your eyes and join these classes, and your blood will tingle as in youth.  
The association gymnasium is not here to draw in the strong and circus performers, but here to build up the neglected body, which many an individual has.  
Visitors are not admitted until after Oct. 15.  
To-morrow morning at 9:30 o'clock Junior's class.  
**If You Intend Purchasing**  
A Black Dress, or any other dress, it will pay you to investigate the special offerings at Feltz Bros. & Co.'s this week.  
\$5.00 lamps for \$1.88 at J. W. Rowlands' lamp sale. tf

**OUR LINE OF**  
**Children's**  
**Walking Cloaks**  
**and Headwear,**  
Is pronounced EXQUISITE by all who see them.  
Never before have we shown such attractive values in Infants' Silk Capes (hand Crochet and Japanese Silk) as now. This price feature also extends to our INFANTS' LONG CLOAKS.  
**Feldmann & Co.**  
218 N. MAIN ST.  
Be sure to have a pair of "Agnez" or "Le Vern" Kid Gloves.  
If You Want to Buy  
Floor Oil Cloth that will satisfy you in regard to its wearing qualities, see Feltz Bros. & Co. They have just received a fresh supply.  
The greatest lamp sale ever in Lima now going on at J. W. Rowlands'. tf  
**CRIDERSVILLE ITEMS.**  
J. O. Hoyer went to Cincinnati Thursday morning on business.  
On last Saturday John Reichelderfer and wife drove to Liggett, Van Wert county; returning home Tuesday John says they have great corn crops through that country.  
Thomas Dotson, sr., and wife spent Thursday with their daughter, Mrs. I. E. Cline, of Harrod.  
Mrs. J. O. Hoyer and Mrs. F. G. McClintock spent Thursday at Wapakoneta, the guests of Mrs. Hoyer's sister, Mrs. T. W. Blackburn.  
On last Friday Ezra Delong and wife were suddenly called to South Perry on account of the sickness and death of William Featheroff, Mrs. Delong's father. Funeral was held at that place Tuesday.  
Died, September 20th, Naomi daughter of John and Ella Miller, aged 1 year and 6 months. Funeral was held Monday in the U. B. church of this place, and interment in the Lutheran cemetery.  
On last Monday evening quite a number of our lady Maccabees drove to St. Marys to swarm with the lady bees of that place.  
There will be a Democratic meeting at Sidney, Ohio, Saturday evening, October 5. Fare for round trip from this place only 80c. Ex-Governor Campbell will be present, as well as many other distinguished speakers. J. I. C.  
**WANTED.**  
WANTED—Girl for general house work in small family. No washing or ironing. Apply at once at 609 north Elizabeth St. It  
WANTED—A competent girl for general housework. Good wages paid. Call at 674 west Market street.  
WANTED—A girl for General Housework. 130 south Collett. 1-34  
WANTED—Good and experienced girl. Call at once. Mrs. VAN B. WINTERS, 327 west Spring St. 0-34  
FOR SALE—A wooden frame show case, six feet long, at 516 north Main street.  
**NO. 54**  
East Side Public Square. First-class Barber Shop. Ladies and Children's Haircutting done to order. Special room for ladies hair dressing. A. G. LUTZ, Proprietor

**WINTER TANS!**  
JUST ARRIVED AT THE  
**COLUMBIA SHOE STORE.**  
**BEAUTIES,**  
New Winter Shoes. A model of perfection, full English foxed Gaiter, Calf lined, guaranteed water proof, a beauty in appearance, AAA to E, Opening Sale \$5.00.  
**The New Tokio!**  
Ladies' and Gent's, the nobby Shoe of the season, AAA to E, makes a foot look two widths narrower.  
**Wear Stylish And Elegant Fitting Shoes.**  
Buy them of the Columbia. Buy them now, Leaders of Styles.  
**COLUMBIA,**  
Opposite Postoffice, Lima, O.

**NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE**

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This Lima Times-Democrat is published every evening except Sunday, and will be delivered at your door before each evening except Sunday.

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### DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET

For Governor, **JAMES E. CAMPBELL**, of Butler county.  
For Lieutenant Governor, **JOHN P. PEASLEY**, of Hamilton county.  
For Supreme Judge, **WILLIAM T. MOONEY**, of Angazelle county.  
For State Auditor, **JAMES W. KNOTT**, of Richland county.  
For State Treasurer, **WILLIAM SCHUBERT**, of Gallia county.  
For Attorney General, **GEORGE A. FAIRBANKS**, of Franklin county.  
For Member Board of Public Works, **HARRY B. KEIFER**, of Tuscarawas county.  
For Clerk of Supreme Court, **JOHN W. CRICKSHANK**, of Miami county.  
For State Senators, 32d District, **J. D. JOHNSON**, of Mercer county.  
**H. J. LAWLER**, of Allen county.

### DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET

For Representative, **WILLIAM BUSLER**.  
For Treasurer, **AUGUST G. LUTZ**.  
For Sheriff, **AARON FISHER**.  
For Commissioner, **SAMUEL T. WINGARDNER**.  
For Coroner, **L. J. STUBBS**.  
For Infirmary Director, (Long Term), **PETER LEIS**, of Spencer Township.  
For Infirmary Director, (Short Term), **PETER LEIS**, of Spencer Township.  
For Infirmary Director, (Short Term), **ELI MECHLING**.

### DEMOCRACY vs. REPUBLICANISM

The Republican campaign managers are making a prodigious effort to capture one or more county offices this fall, in order to more thoroughly intrench their party. They are making all manner of representations and working no end of schemes in order to bring about the result they desire. They are making a campaign of bluff and bluster, hoping that they may get control of the salaries which are attached to those positions. They do not assume that the expenses to the people will be less should they succeed in capturing an office or two or that the public affairs will be conducted in any more satisfactory manner than they have been. They simply want the office for its personal benefit to their candidates and for the general benefit of the Ring which controls the present administration of the city and which will get a portion of the emoluments should they be successful in their undertaking.

The Republican party has nothing at all to recommend it to the people as worthy any further control of the public business. It has been tried in the management of municipal affairs in this city with results most disastrous to the taxpayers.

The Republican party has for two years had a representative member of it upon the board of county commissioners and his record is such that his party cannot point to him with any measure of pride—indeed the majority

of the party wish most heartily that he had no record to point to, for the more closely it is scrutinized the less credit it will reflect upon him or upon the party of which he is a representative member.

In this city they have had full control for many years in both executive and administrative branches and as a consequence the city is staggering beneath a burden of debt and high taxation that is a glaring outrage upon the taxpayers and a continual detriment to the growth and prosperity of the city. Among the many evils which have followed in the train of such administration we find the following array.

A corrupt Ring controlling our municipal affairs.  
An empty city treasury.  
A bonded indebtedness of half million of dollars.

Stuffed pay rolls in the city service.  
City orders hawked about the streets bearing the endorsement "not paid for want of funds."

Charges of bribery made and not controverted—a condition that never before existed in the city.

Taxpayers' money squandered without proper equivalent for it.

Bonded indebtedness increased.

New tax levies created and old ones increased.

Extravagance in all branches of the public service where the expenditure of public money is concerned.

Books of Republican city clerks kept in such condition that an examining board, composed in part of such careful accountants as O. S. Langan, could not fathom them and was compelled to report that he found them in a "badly tangled condition."

In fact the whole history of the Republican administration of the city is so badly permeated with suspicion that the taxpayers cannot fail to see that to place such a gang in control of the public affairs of the county would be no less than a public calamity. There is absolutely nothing to commend them to the public as worthy of the management of the county's business.

On the other hand a glance into the public affairs of Allen county as at present managed by Democratic officers discloses quite a different condition of affairs. The county is almost out of debt, owing only \$10,000, the balance due on the building of the Children's Home. She has good buildings, good roads and a low county tax levy; money in the treasury and county orders paid on demand; honest, capable officials, above the taint of suspicion, and the general financial condition of the county such as will compare with any other county in Ohio. The ticket presented by the Democracy is composed of gentlemen the peers of the present incumbents—gentlemen who are fully capable, above reproach, and who will receive the merited support of the party at the polls on the fifth of next November.

If the money paid by the taxpayers in this city would be used for the legitimate expenses of the city government our tax rate would not exceed 2 per cent, but with the wanton extravagance which now characterizes all our city transactions it will reach to nearly 3 per cent. It is expensive to support a ring with the instincts of a cormorant, which devours the substance of the taxpayers, yet that is what the unfortunate people of Lima are doing under the Republican administration in Lima.

With every department of the state government, and nearly or all the public institutions increasing their expenditures at the rate of 20 per cent since 1891, no wonder the state's revenues fall below the expenditures and money has to be borrowed. The Republican leaders try to explain this by saying that it is only because salaries have been increased and offices multiplied. And try this token we propose to turn them out of power.

A dollar in the hands of your wife, when she goes shopping in 1895, goes as far as \$1.50 did in 1893 under the McKinley bill, and the goods and wares she purchases are better than they were then. And yet the Republican leaders declare that if indorsed by the people they will re-establish high taxation, high prices for the necessities of life and shoddy for the plain people. Are you in favor of it?

What is supposed to be the fastest boat in the world, the new Russian torpedo vessel Sokol, 190 feet long, able to run 80 miles an hour, is built of aluminum and bronze alloys, just as the victorious American yacht Defender was. The belief that sea water would corrode hopelessly aluminum and its alloys is proving to be a mistake. Perhaps the time will come when the great ocean steamers will be made of this metal. Then there will scarcely be a limit to their speed.

### Don't Be Long Winded.

It is to be regretted that the almost unintermitted lament of certain recent celebrators was marred by the extraordinary determination of a few orators, and very great ones at that, to have their say if it took all night, even though nobody else got a word in edgewise. It is always so.

There never was a banquet, a celebration, a political meeting, a camp meeting or a scientific convention in which a few long winded harangues did not take up most of the time with rapid papers and speeches that nobody listened to and that it would have nearly killed anybody if he had tried to listen to.

It is noticeable that those conceited and stupid individuals are never newspaper people. If they had had the invaluable training in their youth of being forced to hush things down, they would never have been the fearful bores that they are.

The only way to remedy the curse of long windedness at public meetings is to have the time that each speaker shall be allotted beforehand to the minute. Let that time be announced to each one at the time when he is invited to make his speech. Let him then prepare his talk or paper accordingly. He should take his watch and rehearse actually the speech, so as to see to the exact minute how long it takes. Then let him bring it within the limit, though it takes out every poetical sentiment and every adjective. Here is a great secret: Never-nine out of every hundred public addresses would be improved and strengthened by cutting them down one-half.

When you make a speech, find out first just how much time you can have without depriving others of their right to talk. Occupy that time—not a second over. Then people will want to hear you again. But if in spite of all warning a stupid speaker persists in going on after his time is out let the master of ceremonies stop him promptly at the moment, no matter who he is. The presiding officer owes it to the audience to protect them from bores.

### Peary.

Possibly the greatest practical result of Lieutenant Peary's achievements will be the proving that white men can live through an arctic winter north of 77 degrees latitude—live, too, in comparative comfort. Since he has done it others will attempt the same feat, and among them all sooner or later the pole itself will be reached.

Americans hoped, in spite of the probabilities against it, that Peary, the American, might actually reach the pole. That he got no farther north than Independence bay, the point he himself had discovered and named on his former journey, is a disappointment. Still the exploration of the north coast of Greenland eastward is much. So is the bringing home to America of the richest collection of extreme arctic geological, botanical and zoological treasures ever brought together. Peary has made five successful arctic expeditions and returned home safe from all. If he had been able to find the provisions buried previously, he would have accomplished more.

Lieutenant Melville's opinion that the true way to reach the pole is through Franz Josef Land, north of the Russian territory of Nova Zembla, may be the correct one. And Peary had too many dogs and not enough men in his train, says Melville. It may be so. It may be, too, that the Englishman, Jackson, who entered the frozen zone by way of Franz Josef Land, will return in 1896 with news that he actually reached the pole. Nevertheless Peary has done work that will place him among famous explorers in all time.

Those burning Irish patriots who are breathing forth fire and brimstone and bloody murder against England have no interest in the matter, of course, but it is as well to remind other people that the export trade of the United States to England is greater than to all the rest of the world put together. Thousands of American business men are today needing and trying to secure English capital to develop paying enterprises in various parts of the country. The English capital is coming too. The most disastrous thing that could happen to the United States from the pocket point of view is a quarrel with England, or what is nearly as bad, a British public opinion inflamed against us. It is neither cowardly nor pusillanimous to consider the pocket point of view. An issue on which the prosperity of half the people of this nation depends is a very proper one to be considered.

George B. Cox had it all his own way at the Republican convention at Cincinnati. And he will have it all his own way in the state of Ohio if he and his leaders are not buried beneath the Red Sea of the people's wrath on the 5th day of next November.

### COURT HOUSE NEWS.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.  
U. S. G. Rose and Maria Arnatt.  
A. H. Miller and Barbara Mack.

### Governor Campbell at Van Wert.

Governor Campbell will address the Democracy of Van Wert tomorrow afternoon at 1 p. m. A delegation will go from Lima, leaving here at 9:30 a. m. and returning on special train at 3:30 p. m. A large delegation should go from here.

### NOT RESPONSIBLE.

Colonel Crofton Has a Close Call at the Hands of Lieutenant Pague.  
CHICAGO, Oct. 4.—(Special.) E. A. Crofton, commander of the Fifteenth infantry at Fort Sheridan, narrowly escaped death, or at least a severe wound, at the hands of Lieutenant S. S. Pague of company F, Fifteenth infantry, yesterday evening. The lieutenant and three shots at the commander. One passed through a loose fold of his overcoat, just over the right groin, the second and third passed close to the body. Lieutenant Pague a few moments before had escaped from the hospital, where he had been undergoing treatment for mental trouble, occasioned, it is said, by overindulgence in liquor. At the fact it was said that the lieutenant was not responsible for his act and that his meeting with Colonel Crofton was of chance.

### STEAMER IN DISTRESS.

She Was Throwing Up Rockets—and Asked for Assistance.  
PLYMOUTH, Oct. 4.—The steamer Oceana reports that in latitude 44:15 north and longitude 12 west she cited the Hamburg steamer Petropolis throwing up rockets. The Petropolis asked the Oceana to tow her into some port and the Oceana stood by her for two hours, but not seeing that the Petropolis was in any way seriously damaged, the Oceana declined to take the Petropolis in tow. The commander of the Oceana expressed the belief that the Petropolis is only delayed through a derangement of her machinery. She was on her way to Hamburg from Smyrna.

### IT CAME LATE.

Bounty of the Government Too Long Withheld.

MAPLE RAPIDS, Mich., Oct. 4.—Mrs. Jane Hudson has been close to poverty for several years past, while she waited in vain for a pension to which she was entitled. Three days ago she was stricken with illness, largely caused through want. Last night she received a letter from the pension department enclosing a check for \$1,600 back pension money. Two hours later she passed away.

### Attempt to Burn a Church.

STRENTVILLE, O., Oct. 4.—A second attempt has been made to fire First M. E. church of this city. There is scaffolding in the church for the purpose of repair, due to a late attempt to burn the church. The tips had been taken out of the gas jets and the jets arranged so that when lighted the gas would play in about 25 places of the scaffolding. The janitor discovered the plot by the presence of escaping gas.

### Still After Tammany.

NEW YORK, Oct. 4.—The chamber of commerce met and received a report from its committee on municipal reform. This committee is composed of former members of the committee of 70. They advise that the chamber adopt all honorable and reasonable measures to bring about a fusion ticket to oppose Tammany hall.

### Miners Demand an Advance.

PHILLIPSBURG CENTER, Pa., Oct. 4.—The miners convention resolved to make a demand on all operators in the northern and central Pennsylvania districts for an advance of 5 cents a ton in the mining rate. If the operators do not reply by the 10th, action will be taken with reference to a strike.

### Charged With Embezzlement.

CHICAGO, Oct. 4.—J. P. Carruthers, brother of Bob Carruthers, the well known ex-Chicago ball player and present manager of the Grand Rapids Western team, is in custody charged with embezzling from his employers, Kelly, Maus & Company, hardware merchants.

### He Was Drunk.

JACKSON, O., Oct. 4.—Pete Johns jumped from a moving train while drunk and was killed.

### Safe Blown Open.

GREEN CAMP, O., Oct. 4.—The safe in Porter & Somerlot's store was blown and \$300 taken.

### Republican Nomination.

BROOKLYN, Oct. 4.—The Republicans of Brooklyn last night nominated for mayor Frederick W. Wurster, the present fire commissioner.

### Didn't See the Train.

ELYRIA, O., Oct. 4.—Antone Dolles was run down and killed while crossing the Nickel Plate tracks. His horses were also killed.

### Fought With Shovels.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., Oct. 4.—George Meadock and William Frank, furnace-men, fought with shovels and Frank will die.

### SNAP SHOTS.

In Ohio during the past year 152 persons committed suicide.

Governor Rororow declares that Oklahoma now has a population of 275,000.

There were 1,022 deaths by accident or negligence in Ohio during the past year.

The Spanish government has appointed a new representative in this country.

Governor West reports that the population of Utah is 247,324 and its property valuation \$95,000,000.

The gold production of South Africa during August was the largest for any single month in its history.

H. S. Humphries is under arrest at Edwardsville, Ala., charged with murdering James Bryant and burning his body.

October 10 has been fixed for the launch of the battleship Victorious at Chatham. This vessel will be launched within 17 months of her laying down.

The Empire Music hall, London, has succeeded in obtaining the restoration of its license to sell intoxicating drinks in the auditorium of that place of amusement.

Another case of a dual life has come to light by the death of D. A. Martin, a prominent grain dealer of Chicago and Milwaukee, who, it has developed, left a family in each city.

The post will soon be the possessor of probably the most valuable chair on earth. It is constructed of solid silver, and is the value of \$40,000. It is the gift of Mr. Troop, a wealthy American banker.

Mrs. Langtry has made a formal demand upon the Union bank of London for the sum of \$200,000, the value of the jewelry she deposited with the bank, which were subsequently encumbered by the bank to a stranger upon the presentation of a forged order.

### JAPAN'S COTTON SPINNERS

Want the Government to Subsidize a Line of Steamers For Their Benefit.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 4.—(Special.) I. H. A. Cockerell, writing from Yokohama, Japan, to the Manufacturers Record, says: "The Cotton Spinners' association of Osaka is now trying to induce the Japanese government to subsidize a line of steamers to ply between Osaka and Yokohama and a point on the west coast of Mexico. The idea is to secure a steamship line wholly controlled by the Japanese government and which will connect with the Tehuantepec railway."

"By this route it is thought the cotton of the southern states can be reached cheaper than by the way of Tacoma. It is more than likely that this enterprise will be carried out, for the Japanese are giving great attention to the subject of colonization in Mexico. Another company has been formed here with Viscount Enomoto at its head to purchase lands in Mexico and locate thereon some of the surplus population of Japan."

"Japan is destined to become one of the greatest cotton spinning countries in the world. She will purchase 50 per cent of her raw material in the United States when the transportation rates are properly adjusted."

### Chile Again in Trouble.

SUCRE, Bolivia, Oct. 4.—The Peruvian minister in Bolivia has data, unofficially communicated, that President Beironta's government, in view of Chile's reported intention to give the provinces of Tacna and Arica to Bolivia, proposes to demand from Chile an agreement to place those provinces in the hands of a friendly foreign power, which shall act as a protectorate until the result of the plebiscite is known.

### Governor Greenhalge Hears Something.

BOSTON, Oct. 4.—A large number of Republicans from various parts of the state, delegates to the coming state convention, met in this city to consider the situation, and after careful consideration it was voted unanimously to oppose the nomination of Governor Greenhalge.

### Catholics to Vote as a Unit.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 4.—Mgr. Stephan charges Secretary Hoke Smith with discriminating against Roman Catholics in the administration of Indian affairs, and advises that the Roman Catholic vote of the United States be cast as a unit hereafter.

### Whites and Blacks Must Not Intermarry.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Oct. 4.—Constitutional convention, by an overwhelming majority, has adopted a clause forbidding the intermarriage of a white person with any person who contains any negro blood whatever in his or her veins.

### Francis Coffin Concluded.

INDIANAPOLIS, Oct. 4.—In the Indianapolis National bank case against Francis and Percival Coffin for conspiracy, the jury returned a verdict that Francis Coffin was guilty as charged and that Percival was not guilty.

### Fatally Shot His Unfaithful Wife.

CHICAGO, Oct. 4.—Edward Moe shot and fatally injured his wife a North Market street hotel, to which she had gone with Peter Nelson. He broke down the door of their room. Nelson made his escape.

### An Unwound Hanged.

JERSEY CITY, Oct. 4.—John C. Zach otherwise known as Fish John, was executed in the county jail in this city for the murder of his wife June S. Jealousy was the motive of Zach's crime.

### Heavy Snowfall in Scotland.

EDINBURGH, Oct. 4.—There was a heavy snowfall about Loch Rannoch accompanied by a heavy gale of wind. There are seven inches of snow on Ben Nevis.

### Treasury Statement.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 4.—The statement of the condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balance, \$185,672,882; gold reserve, \$92,717,557.

### Preferred Death to Moving.

DEFIANCE, O., Oct. 4.—James Long, 40, committed suicide by shooting because he had been requested to move from the farm he had recently sold.

### They Hit the Pipe.

TOLEDO, O., Oct. 4.—Police raided a Chinese opium joint in the heart of the city and captured young girls belonging to prominent families here.

### MARKET REPORTS.

Grain and Stock Quotations For Oct. 3, New York.

Beef—Family, \$9.00/12.00; extra mess, \$7.50/9.00; packed, \$9.00/10.00. Cut meats—Picked bellies, 10¢/12¢; pickled shoulders, 6¢/8¢; pickled hams, 10¢/12¢. Pork—Western steam, 10¢/12¢; city, 11¢/12¢. Pork—New mess, 9¢/10¢; family, 11¢/12¢; short clear, 12¢/13¢.  
Butter—Western dairy, 10¢/12¢; do creamery, 12¢/14¢; do factory, 10¢/12¢. Eggs—22¢/24¢; creamery, 24¢/26¢. Cheese—22¢/24¢; small, 24¢/26¢; part skims, 22¢/24¢; full skims, 24¢/26¢. State and Pennsylvania, 18¢/20¢; western, fresh, 16¢/17¢.

### Chicago.

Cattle—Fair to best beefs, \$3.25/3.50; stockers and feeders, \$2.25/3.00; mixed cows and bulls, \$1.50/3.00; Texana, \$1.75/3.00; western, \$1.50/3.00.  
Hogs—Light, \$3.50/4.00; mixed packing and shipping, \$3.00/3.50; heavy packing and shipping, \$3.50/4.00; pigs, \$2.50/3.00.  
Sheep—Native, \$1.50/2.00; western, \$2.25/2.50; Texas, \$2.00/2.50; Lambs—\$3.00/4.00.

### Pittsburg.

Cattle—Prime, \$4.00/4.50; fair to good butchers', \$3.50/4.00; bulls, cows and stags, \$1.50/2.00.  
Hogs—Heavy, \$4.00/4.50; medium, \$3.50/4.00; 4 sh; roughs, \$3.00/3.50.  
Sheep and Lambs—Texana, \$3.00/3.50; good prime, \$2.50/3.00; common, \$2.00/2.50; young lambs, \$2.00/2.50; Veal calves, \$3.00/3.50.

### Cleveland.

Hogs—Yorkers, \$4.00/4.50; mediums, \$3.50/4.00; pigs, \$2.50/3.00.  
Cattle—Fair to good steers, 1.10¢/1.20¢/1.30¢ pounds.  
\$1.00/1.25¢ good steers, 1.00¢/1.25¢ pounds.  
\$1.00/1.25¢  
Sheep and Lambs—Best lambs, \$3.75¢/4.10¢; heavy, \$2.50¢/3.00¢.

### Cincinnati.

Wheat—No. 2 red, 60¢/70¢; Corn—No. 2 mixed, 35¢/45¢; Oats—No. 2 mixed, 21¢/30¢.  
Rye—No. 2, 45¢.  
Lard—55¢/60¢; Bulk meats—\$5.00/6.00.  
\$7.00/8.00  
Hogs—\$4.00/4.50; Cattle—\$3.50/4.00; Sheep—\$2.50/3.00; Lambs—\$3.00/3.50.

### Toledo.

Wheat—No. 2, 60¢/70¢; Corn—No. 2 mixed, 35¢/45¢; Oats—No. 2 mixed, 21¢/30¢.  
Rye—No. 2, 45¢.  
Lard—55¢/60¢; Bulk meats—\$5.00/6.00.  
\$7.00/8.00  
Hogs—\$4.00/4.50; Cattle—\$3.50/4.00; Sheep—\$2.50/3.00; Lambs—\$3.00/3.50.

### A Good Appetite

is essential to good health, and for maintaining and sharpening the desire for food there is nothing so good as Hood's Sarsaparilla. "For over twenty years I had dyspepsia, had no appetite and what I did eat was with no relish. I had headaches 3 or 4 days a week, and an awful tired feeling when I went to bed. I seldom had a good night's sleep. But I am glad to say I feel well at night, have a hearty appetite and can perform my household duties easily. I am glad to report the success of Hood's Sarsaparilla." ELIZABETH E. THOMAS, Forestville, Md.

### Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the only True Blood Purifier prominently in the public eye today.

### Hood's Pills

are habitually constipated. Price 25 cents.

### A Special Excursion Train

of eight coaches will leave C. & E. depot at 6:30 a. m. Sunday, October 6th for Summit 140 miles southeast of Lima on O. S. The woods are full of chestnuts. \$1 round trip. 2-2t

### Banquet lamps 27 in high for \$1.88 at J. W. Rowlands'.

tf

### Prof. McCloskey's

Children class every Saturday afternoon in Music Hall at 2 o'clock.

### Porter & Son

Have furnished one of their very fine pianos for the use of the W. C. T. U. convention. The carrying quality of the tone of this piano is giving splendid satisfaction and is pure and clear. The ladies are very much pleased with the instrument. It

### The Climates banquet lamp

is the latest and most artistic banquet lamp ever produced in this or any other country. High art hand work. For \$1.88 at J. W. Rowlands'. tf

### \$1 to St. Paris,

Springfield, South Charleston, Washington C. B. or Greenfield and return via the Ohio Southern, Sunday, October 6th. Train leaves C. & E. depot at 6:30 a. m. 2-2t

### Children Cry for

Pitcher's Castoria.

### The greatest lamp sale ever

in Lima now going on at J. W. Rowlands'. tf



# TENTH TIME

**Mr. Henrietta Monroe is Elected President**

**The Ohio State W. C. T. U.—Other Officers Elected To Day—A Large Attendance.**

The afternoon meeting of yesterday was called to order by the president at 1:30 o'clock and the usual devotional exercises were conducted by Mrs. Mary Castle, of Columbus.

The minutes of this morning's meeting were read and approved, after which the annual report of the corresponding secretary, Mrs. Annette H. Clevenger, of Wilmington, was read. This report defined the most successful work being accomplished by the different departments.

The report was quite lengthy and on motion she was granted permission to condense it.

Hon. R. S. Thompson, of Springfield, was present to the convention and made a few brief remarks, after which Secretary M. C. Williams, of the local Y. M. C. A. was introduced by the president. Mr. Williams made a few well chosen remarks stating that while his work dealt more directly with the young men, most heartily wished the ladies speed in their work.

Another selection was given by the Silver Lake Quartette, after which Mr. Hopkins spoke briefly in behalf of Lathrop Chapel.

A greeting from Francis A. Willard was read by the corresponding secretary and was received with enthusiasm.

The annual report of the state treasurer, Mrs. Estelle J. Purdum, of Chillicothe, was next in order, but as time was limited only a brief summary was read.

Greetings from different unions of persons throughout the state were read by the corresponding secretary.

It was announced that the free will offering of yesterday morning had amounted to \$63.80.

The revision of constitution was the next important matter to be taken upon, and Mrs. Lillian Colebeth, of Columbus, and Mrs. Annette H. Clevenger, of Wilmington, the committee on the revision, reported, submitting a complete revision of the constitution, which was read and each portion of it was read separately and is adopted, amended or rejected. The work occupied the remainder of the afternoon.

The report of the superintendents of the organization, Sabbath observance, work among foreigners, parlor settings, press work, legislative and titration work, and systematic and opportune giving departments were held over for this morning's setting, and the convention adjourned for supper. The work of getting the revised constitution not only completed in the afternoon setting, was continued in the lower room of the church during last evening's meeting above.

## LAST NIGHT'S MEETING.

Last evening was Young Woman's evening and Miss Frances H. Ensign, state Secretary of the Young Woman's Department was the presiding officer. The opening devotional exercises were conducted by Miss Orville Miller, Assistant State Secretary, of Delaware.

The speaker of the evening was Mrs. Frances J. Barnes, of New York City, and National Secretary of the Young Woman's Branch. Mrs. Barnes is a very eloquent speaker and worthy of the honor and distinction she bears. Her address was full of beautiful and impressive illustrations and was very entertaining. The audience was very large but as attentive and interested and the speaker was frequently applauded.

After the address was concluded the Silver Lake Quartette sang and as repeatedly encored Miss Ensign made the closing remarks by stating that she would endeavor to gain a Young Woman's Branch in this city and would be pleased to hear names of any wishing to join the services.

The quartette sang a closing hymn and the audience was dismissed with benediction of the Christian Endeavor Society led by Miss Ensign.

## THE MEETING THIS MORNING

as one of the most interesting of the entire session. The number of delegates in attendance was larger than at any previous meeting. The devotional exercises were conducted by Charlotte A. Boyer, of Ripley.

The minutes of yesterday afternoon's meeting were read and approved.

The following annual reports were read: Railroad work, Mrs. Helen Day, of Youngstown, and Organization, Mrs. Henrietta E. Hammond, of Cleveland.

The president, Mrs. Monroe, announced that two new departments work—namely, the School Savings and Purity in Literature and Art—had been introduced. Mrs. Foote, of Cleveland, superintendent of the School Savings Bank department, was called and she explained the workings and advantages of that new department. The school savings bank system was first introduced in this country in the schools of Long Island City, N. Y., in 1885.

Mr. J. H. Thiry, from France, brought the credit of furnishing an easy system of administration and a well-extended practical example of its work in the public schools. In a total of one hundred and thirty-eight schools in the state of Pennsylvania,

Colorado and Kansas, statistics show the following:

Number of scholars on register, 6,033; number of depositors, 2,334; amount withdrawn, \$328.20; now on deposit, \$5,217.71.

Mrs. Foote closed by saying that if the way be opened in the schools for the children to save their pennies they would acquire the habit that would be such an advantage to them in the future.

Mrs. Mary W. Castle, of Columbus, who is superintendent of the Purity in Literature and Art department, stated the object of her department was to suppress and prevent the publishing of obscene items of scandal and obscene advertisements in the newspapers and to also suppress the issue of obscene pictures. She stated in a recent extreme violation of the State law in reference to obscene pictures, the W. C. T. U. had prosecuted the violators, a man and a woman, who had, for the crime, received terms of five and two and a half years respectively in the penitentiary.

## THE FINAL REPORT

of the committee on credentials was read, showing the following attendances. General officers, 4; trustees, 6; vice presidents, 16; department superintendents, 10; delegates, 217.

Anna E. August reported briefly upon the progress of the Sabbath School department and Mrs. Lillian Cole Bethel, of Columbus, made a few remarks about the necessity of members being well drilled in parliamentary laws.

The committee on finance reported that \$72.40 had been received in the good will offering during the convention.

The president announced that the election of the general officers was next in order, and that eight tellers should be chosen before the nominations. The tellers chosen were Mrs. Mary Castle, Mary R. Klein, Mrs. Louise F. Hedges, Miss Lizzie George, Miss Foster, Miss Alice Kunkle, Mrs. L. J. Calkins and Mrs. Henrietta L. Moore. Nominations of candidates for the office of state president were first called for and the president, Mrs. Henrietta L. Monroe, of Xenia, O., was nominated for re-election and Mrs. Lillian Cole Bethel, of Columbus, was also nominated.

The tellers collected the ballots and retired, returning in a few minutes, reporting that 219 votes had been cast and the announcement was made that Mrs. Henrietta L. Monroe was re-elected to serve for the year in the capacity of state president, she having received 137 votes and Mrs. Bethel 82. The announcement was received with applause, and "Praise God From Whom All Blessings Flow" was sung by the entire convention.

The election of vice president-at-large was second in order and a motion was made, previous to the report of the tellers, to elect by acclamation to the office of vice president the one receiving the second largest number of votes for president.

This motion was declared contrary to the constitution. The motion was withdrawn and a motion to defer the election of vice president until after all other elections were over was carried.

For the office of corresponding secretary Mrs. Ann W. Clark, of Columbus, and Mrs. A. H. Clevenger, of Wilmington, O., were nominated. The number of votes cast were 218 Mrs. Anna W. Clark was elected, she receiving 110 votes and the other candidate 108 votes.

For the office of recording secretary Mrs. Louise F. Hedges, of Piqua, and Miss Anna M. Pollock, the present recording secretary, were nominated. There were 213 votes cast and Miss Pollock was elected to serve a fourth term in that office, she receiving 141 votes and Mrs. Hedges receiving 72 votes.

For state treasurer Miss Emma Goodwill, Mrs. Sarah M. Perkins, of Cleveland, and Mrs. Estelle J. Purdum, of Chillicothe, were nominated. The first ballot was lost because neither candidate received a sufficient number of votes to elect, 110 being necessary. Mrs. Perkins having received the least number of votes, withdrew with consent of the convention, and a second ballot resulted in the election of Miss Emma Goodwill, of Canton, who received 126 votes.

For the office of vice-president, Mrs. Lillian Cole-Bethel, of Columbus; Mrs. Mrs. M. G. Townsend, of Holgate, and Mrs. A. H. Clevenger, of Wilmington. The first ballot was lost and Mrs. Townsend withdrew, with the consent of the convention. The second ballot resulted in the election of Mrs. A. H. Clevenger, who received 109 votes. Mrs. Bethel received 98 votes.

After a few announcements were made the convention adjourned until 1:15 o'clock.

## WHITE RIBBONS.

Prof. Hopkins and his famous vocal quartette, which rendered several splendid selections at the convention yesterday and last night, left this morning for Pennsylvania.

The local W. C. T. U. Unions deserve credit for the efficient manner in which the visitors have been entertained and to them much credit is also due for the pronounced success which the convention has been.

The speaker of this evening will be Mrs. Henrietta G. Moore, of Springfield, who will address the audience upon the interesting subject, "What American Citizenship should Mean." Mrs. Moore is an eloquent speaker and her address will doubtless be one of interest.

Mrs. Lillian Cole-Bethel, of Columbus, who served as a member of the committee on Revision of the Consti-

tution, is one of the most earnest workers on the cause in the state, and is also one of the best read in parliamentary law. Her parliamentary drills which she frequently gives in conventions are very instructive.

Mrs. Helen M. Gouge, of Lafayette, Ind., who delivered the eloquent address upon "The Woman's Christian Temperance Union and the Liquor League", on Wednesday evening, is not only an unusually able temperance lecturer, but is also well read in law and has been admitted to the bar at Lafayette, Ind. Through her untiring efforts during the terrible cold weather last winter, when thousands of homeless men, women and children suffered from hunger and cold in Chicago, the famous Wash-bash station was fitted up into a comfortable sleeping place for the suffering ones who had been sleeping on cold stones and cement floors with-out blankets or beds of any description. More than 3,000 people occupied that station the first night after it was equipped.

## GOT DRUNK

**And Was Hurl'd Skyward by an L. E. & W. Engine.**

John Blue, living four miles west of St. Marys, hit by Engine 123—Taken to St. Marys on a Handcar.

John Blue, a farmer who lives four miles west of St. Marys, blew into the latter place day before yesterday and blew in money enough to get a considerable jag on board and then started home, walking along the L. E. & W. railroad track. A west-bound freight came up behind him and the whistle blew, but Blue paid no attention to it and consequently he was hurled skyward.

The train was No. 123 and was in charge of conductor J. P. Jackson and engineer Pontius, of this city. The engineer saw the man walking along the track ahead of the train when they were about half a mile west of St. Marys, and when the fellow showed no inclination to get out of the way he reversed the engine but could not bring the train standstill until after the pilot had hurled the intoxicated man from the track.

At first the trainmen thought that Blue had been killed outright, but he soon showed signs of life and was turned over to a gang of section hands who hauled him back to St. Marys on a handcar while the freight train proceeded westward. At St. Marys the company's physician examined Blue's wounds and found him to be sobered considerably and very badly frightened, but suffering only from a few bruises, which were not so serious as to prevent him from going home in the evening.

## TRYING TO COMPROMISE.

**The Attorneys in the Craig-L. E. & W. Case May Get Together.**

Last spring F. B. Craig, an L. E. & W. brakeman, was given a judgment against the road of \$12,000 for the loss of both legs. The judgment remains unsatisfied, and on Tuesday Marshal Harmon went down to Lima and levied on two locomotives and some twenty acres of land on which are located the car shops of the company. The marshal left a man in charge of the property, but an arrangement was made by which the company is allowed the use of the engines pending a settlement. Since this action by the marshal the attorneys have held several conferences and an effort is being made to compromise the matter some way.—Toledo Blade.

## PLEADED GUILTY

**To Selling Adulterated Catsup and Ammonia.**

About ten days ago the TIMES-DEMOCRAT contained the announcement that deputy food inspectors were in the city in search of evidence against store keepers, and yesterday they began six cases in Squire Atatur's court. Three were against grocers for selling adulterated catsup and ammonia. They all pleaded guilty and were fined the minimum, \$30 and costs.

The other cases were against dairy-men who will fight the cases.

## OIL AND GAS.

### BLUFFTON OIL NEWS.

The Bart Jackson well is growing better as the salt water is pumped off. Twenty barrels of oil were pumped off one day last week.

Bowling & Co. began a new rig Monday at the southwest corner of the Fowler farm, one location from the big Montgomery well.

Work was suspended on well No. 4 on the Badertscher farm last week on account of the boiler giving out.

The Wm. Gallant well was shot last Friday and we were told will pump from thirty to fifty barrels a day.

The Ohio began drilling this week on the C. J. Gallant well, opposite Fowler No. 1.

The Ohio Oil Co. placed two new boilers and engines in the field last Tuesday.

The rig is up for No. 1 on the Heininger farm.

A new rig is up on the Harrison Anderson farm.—Bluffton News.

## Anglaise Blankets

Will keep you warm these cool nights. You can buy them at Feltz's dry goods store.

# LIMA NORTHERN.

**Work on Grade Between Ottawa and Columbus Grove.**

**Route May Be Changed from Adrian to Hudson-Detroit Connections.**

J. B. Townsend, who is taking up the right-of-way for the Lima Northern road, was home last evening, and just before his departure for Napoleon said the line had been determined upon, and that the road would branch off to Hamlet at Leipsic, then on to Maimita, Napoleon and Wauseon. The road will then go through Morenci, where it will strike the Wash-bash and gain an entrance into Detroit over that line. It was the original intention for the road to pass through Adrian, Mich., but the people of that town are not displaying much interest in the enterprise and it will go to Huron, where the C. J. & M. can be reached just as well.

## SOUTH FROM OTTAWA.

On last Sunday morning four or five car loads of mules, scrapers, &c., arrived to work on the grade of the Lima Northern Ry. They struck camp at the base line south of this place and commenced work there toward the south. As soon as the right of way can be obtained the work will be commenced northward from the base line.—Ottawa Sentinel.

## TOWARD COLUMBUS GROVE.

The Lima Northern is booming right along. A very large force of men with teams now have their tents pitched about three miles south of the Grove and grading toward this city. In ten days or two weeks they will have reached the town. From present indications Columbus Grove will have the third railroad yet this winter.—Columbus Grove Clipper.

## PRESIDENT FOR THE O. S.

It is said that a son of Gen. Samuel Thomas, who is Senator Brice's partner in his railroad business, will be made president of the Ohio Southern, which is now in the hands of receivers, says the Cleveland Plain Dealer of Thursday. Before it went into the hands of the United States Court George Saul was the President. He was also one of the receivers, but was removed. The present receivers are Brice's friends. It is said that the young man will really be president, and be given a chance to make the Ohio Southern and Lima Northern, when they are united so far as traffic rates are concerned, a competitor of the C. H. & D.

The election of young Thomas is not quite a certainty. There is, however, nothing uncertain about the change made on the C. A. & C yesterday. L. Rush Brockenborough, who has been traffic manager, has been succeeded by H. C. Parker, who holds that position on the L. E. & W. When Mr. Parker came to the city Monday, with General Manager Bradbury, it was guessed that Parker would be given another job, and the surmise was about right. It is thought that Brockenborough can have the general freight management if he wants it.

## NOTES.

Supt. C. H. Roser, of the Ohio Southern, is home from Springfield.

Engineer Lee, of the C. & E., is laying off. Engineer Gravell is running engine 105 on his west local run.

Will Quillen, of Sidney, who lost a leg while braking on the L. E. & W. a year or two ago, is the guest of friends here.

Engineer Helm, of the C. & E. Marion local, is laying off on account of the death of a relative. Engineer Krouck is running the 114.

General manager George L. Bradbury and general traffic manager H. C. Parker, of the L. E. & W. came here from the P. A. & W. division in the former's private car, on train No. 5 Wednesday and continued to Indianapolis yesterday morning.

General Superintendent Waldo, General Manager Green and Division Superintendent Husted, of the C. H. & D., are in town to-day. A meeting was held in attorney Swayne's office in which the officials discussed matters pertaining to the many improvements being made on their property in and around Toledo.—Toledo Bee.

**J. W. Rowlands, general house furnisher.** tf

## Y. M. C. A. Class Schedule.

This afternoon at 4:45 o'clock the second Business Men's class was in session for thirty minutes. The exercise is purely hygienic.

This evening at 8 o'clock the first Clerk's class meets for organization.

Men, what will your physical condition be ten years hence, if you have slight ailments now? Open your eyes and join these classes, and your blood will tingle as in youth.

The association gymnasium is not here to draw in the strong and circus performers, but here to build up the neglected body, which many an individual has.

Visitors are not admitted until after Oct. 15.

To-morrow morning at 9:30 o'clock Junior's class.

## If You Intend Purchasing

A Black Dress, or any other dress, it will pay you to investigate the special offerings at Feltz Bros. & Co.'s this week.

**\$5.00 lamps for \$1.88 at J. W. Rowlands' lamp sale.** tf

# OUR LINE OF

## Children's Walking Cloaks and Headwear,

**Is pronounced EXQUISITE by all who see them.**

Never before have we shown such attractive values in Infants' Silk Capes (hand Crochet and Japanese Silk) as now. This price feature also extends to our INFANTS' LONG CLOAKS.

**Feldmann & Co.**  
218 N. MAIN ST.

**Be sure to have a pair of "Agnie" or "Le Vern" Kid Gloves.**

## If You Want to Buy

Floor Oil Cloth that will satisfy you in regard to its wearing qualities, see Feltz Bros. & Co. They have just received a fresh supply.

**The greatest lamp sale ever in Lima now going on at J. W. Rowlands'.** tf

## CRIDERSVILLE ITEMS.

J. O. Hover went to Cincinnati Thursday morning on business.

On last Saturday John Reichelderfer and wife drove to Liggett, Van Wert county, returning home Tuesday. John says they have great corn crops through that country.

Thomas Dotson, sr., and wife spent Thursday with their daughter, Mrs. I. E. Cline, of Harrod.

Mrs. J. O. Hover and Mrs. F. G. McClintock spent Thursday at Wapakoneta, the guests of Mrs. Hover's sister, Mrs. T. W. Blackburn.

On last Friday Ezra Delong and wife were suddenly called to South Perry on account of the sickness and death of William Featheroff, Mrs. Delong's father. Funeral was held at that place Tuesday.

Died, September 29th. Naoma daughter of John and Ella Miller, aged 1 year and 6 months. Funeral

was held Monday in the U. B. church of this place, and interment in the Lutheran cemetery.

On last Monday evening quite a number of our lady Maccabees drove to St. Marys to swarm with the lady bees of that place.

There will be a Democratic meeting at Sidney, Ohio, Saturday evening, October 5. Fare for round trip from this place only 80c. Ex-Governor Campbell will be present, as well as many other distinguished speakers. J. I. C.

## WANTED.

**WANTED**—Girl for general house work in small family. No washing or ironing. Apply at once at 508 north Elizabeth St. It.

**WANTED**—A competent girl for general housework. Good wages paid. Call at 614 west Market street.

**WANTED**—A girl for General Housework. 139 south Collett.

**WANTED**—Good and experienced girl. Call at once. Mrs. Van B. WYNNER, 227 west Spring St.

**FOR SALE**—A wooden-frame show case, six feet long, at 516 north Main street.

## NO. 54

East Side Public Square. First-class Barber Shop. Ladies' and Children's Haircutting done to order. Special room for ladies' hair dressing.

A. G. LUTZ, Proprietor

# WINTER TANS!

**JUST ARRIVED AT THE**

## COLUMBIA SHOE STORE.

# BEAUTIES,

**New Winter Shoes. A model of perfection, full English foxed Gaiter, Calf lined, guaranteed water proof, a beauty in appearance, AAA to E, Opening Sale \$5.00.**

# The New Tokio!

**Ladies' and Gent's, the nobby Shoe of the season, AAA to E, makes a foot look two widths narrower.**

# Wear Stylish And Elegant Fitting Shoes.

**Buy them of the Columbia. Buy them now, Leaders of Styles.**

# COLUMBIA,

Opposite Postoffice, Lima, O.



NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®



**THE LARGEST CREAMERY.**  
The Franklin county creamery, located at St. Albans, Vt., is conceded to be the largest in the country. It was built by a man who sees for the first time such quantities of cream, the product of 25,000 cows, poured into a battery of 14 mammoth tubs, each with a churning capacity of 500 pounds of cream, and this process repeated several times the same day, the thought comes to how it is possible to concentrate so much in an amount of cream. I was told that ten teams were constantly employed in bringing in cream from the surrounding country, while two express cars were sent out every day over the Central Vermont railroad to gather cream along the route as far as Richmond and Essex Junction, each about 25 miles distant, and up the Lamont valley as far as Cambridge Junction, about 40 miles distant. The daily output of butter during the summer months runs from 12,000 to 20,000 pounds, decreasing to perhaps one-half that amount during the winter months, but the creamery is kept running all the year round. The association would like to see the winter dairying practiced by the farmers, believing that the increased price paid for cream during the winter could fully compensate them for the extra feed and care required. The process of handling the cream at the Franklin county creamery is similar to that of smaller creameries. In fact, nearly all their milk is stripped of its cream at separating stations in various parts of the county near to where the milk is produced, thus enabling the farmer to deliver his milk near by and return home with his portion of skim-milk. There are now 64 separating stations in operation connected with the creamery, and new requests are constantly being made for others. The plan of organizing so large a co-operative originated in the minds of a few of Franklin county's most prosperous farmers and business men and resulted in organization in the month of October, 1890. The newly formed association at once commenced to construct a creamery, building 180 feet long by 50 feet wide, two stories high above the basement, and when completed had it fitted with the best butter making appliances that were known. The association is doing a prosperous business, and with almost general satisfaction to its patrons, for it is in a measure co-operative, the association charging about 8 1/2 cents per pound for gathering the cream, making and marketing the butter, and the patrons get the full benefit of the market price, which is considerably in advance of dairy or ordinary creamery butter prices. The process of making butter is about the same here as in other first class creameries, but their method of cooling the atmosphere deserves special mention. The process rooms and storage room are supplied with pipes running horizontally on the side walls through which ammoniated brine is forced, and the effect produced thereby is greatly to moderate the temperature. The rooms may be kept at any given degree of temperature that is required at all seasons of the year, thus entirely doing away with ice as a cooling agent.—Cor. Rural New Yorker.

**Dairy and Creamery.**  
A delegation of 100 members of the British Dairy Farmers' association will visit Canada shortly. They want to learn all they can concerning Canadian butter and cheese making. Evidently they do not know there is any butter and cheese making country south of the Canadian line. It is a fact that on the average the United States does not make so good cheese as Canada does. The reason is that we try to reap too large profit with "filled" cheese and other abominations. By the time that our cheese trade has floated over to Canada the best American makers will find out that honesty is the best policy even when we are only honest from policy. The example of Minnesota dairymen, in opening a summer school of dairying for farmers' wives and daughters, is to be commended to the agricultural colleges of every state in this Union. The session was a joyous holiday to the hard-worked women who attended it. There was not only instruction in dairying and the best methods of making at home many kinds of favorite fancy cheeses and the best grades of butter, but there was also a set of laboratory lectures on cooking. The food of our farm people is often very bad, simply because their wives and daughters do not understand the scientific preparation of food. When farm women know how to make choice butter and cheese and how to cook economically and scientifically, then our agricultural population will be richer, healthier, happier and handsomer. The cooler milk is run through the separator the better the flavor of the butter will be, an experienced creamery man says. The warmer the milk the more cream will be separated, it is true, but this butter maker says that the flavor of the product suffers. Still the milk has to be heated or the cream will curdle the machine. It is only the green second growth of sorghum that hurts cattle or other animals. Properly cured, that same second growth makes very good cow feed. Remember that this has been proved by actual test: The richer in fat milk is the more cheese it will produce, and the better butter. The difference between 8 and 4 per cent butter fat milk makes a difference of three pounds of cheese to 100 pounds of milk in favor of the 4 per cent milk. Pasteurization of milk is heating it to from 140 to 175 degrees F. and holding it at that temperature for a short time. Sterilization of milk is heating it to about the boiling point of water, 212 degrees, and holding it there a short time. Remember there is always this distinct difference between pasteurization and sterilization.

**They Know Each Other.**  
"It is a wonder to me that the dear old lady from the country as she stood waiting on the railroad, 'that black woman' who don't have all the back-scratching she can get from the country boys at her elbow, who saw this opportunity." "Merry me, child, and how do the people keep from being run over?" "They don't, ma'am. When one of them cars goes over the track, there ain't time for anybody to get out of the way." "La, makes, child! Let me get up on them steps. Now, are you telling me the truth?" "Shope to die, ma'am! But you ain't any safer on them steps than in the streets. When they take a notion, them cars can just climb any steps in this town. Honest Injun, ma'am!" The old lady turned and looked at the box. She saw a frank face, on the surface of which a few freckles floated, mild blue eyes filled with innocence and just a twinkle of mischief. But she had seen boys before and knew the trade mark. Before she had time to apply her clutched umbrella the archer was gazing down the street. He had seen that expression on a woman's face before, and he, too, knew the trade mark.—Chicago Times-Herald.

**Chased by a Lion.**  
One of the post rider's horses fell sick and died on the road, so he left it and walked on. After some time he became aware that he was being followed by a lion, which stopped when he stopped and went on when he went on, always keeping about the same distance behind him. Evidently it meant to wait until night to spring upon him. He knew that a few miles ahead was a deep drift in a river, and on the opposite bank higher up was a farm. He went down the drift, put a large ant heap between himself and the lion, hastily stuck his stick in the ground and lunged his hat on it so that it should just show above the top of the ant heap, and then, still keeping the mound between himself and the lion, rushed down into the water where the bank concealed him. Then he hurried up stream till he got to the farm. Next day the ground round the ant heap was found torn up in all directions, and the hat had been reduced to a pulp.—National Review.

**Privations of a Prima Donna.**  
Pity the privations of the prima donna! Here is a story of Mme. Patti. Once, when she returned from her daily drive, she was exceedingly thirsty and asked M. Nicolini to have procured for her a glass of water. Nicolini was horrified. "What," he shrieked, "ma mignonne, you know that you are going to sing tomorrow night, and the water will chill your blood. Oh, no! I forbid water." "Then give me a taste of wine," pleaded the thirsty Patti. "Wine!" roared Nicolini. "Ma mignonne, you are going to sing tomorrow night, and you know that wine will heat your blood. No; I cannot permit wine." "Please, cannot I have something wet?" pleaded Patti, with parched lips. Nicolini powdered long and deeply, and at length with his own hands carefully prepared for the great singer a soothing drink of magnesia.

**His Preserver.**  
There are many varying ideas of what gratitude is and in what way it should find expression. It is reported that a soldier in the civil war—it matters not whether he was of the north or the south—meeting his former commander, expressed gratitude to him. "Don't you know me?" he asked eagerly. "No, my friend," said the former officer. "Why, sir, you once saved my life!" exclaimed the other. "Ah, how was that?" "Why, sir, I served under you at the battle of —, and when you ran away in the beginning of the fight I ran after you, else I might have been killed. I've always thought of you as my preserver—my benefactor—bless you!"—Youth's Companion.

**The Echoes of an Eagle's Nest.**  
The most wonderful echo in the known world is that heard from the Eagle's Nest in the lake regions of Ireland. The rock known as "Eagle's Nest" is the most prominent peak to be found among the heights that surround the Killarney lakes. Its apex is 1,260 feet above the surface of the water, and the extraordinary echo is heard to the best advantage from a spot 100 feet to the west from an opening called the Devil's Mouth. At that point the effect of the re-echoed sounds is absolutely startling, the slightest whisper being repeated as often as 1,000 times. The rebound is always clear and distinct and appears to come from the crags, cliffs and peaks which surround the experimenter on all sides.—St. Louis Republic.

**An Italian Betrothal.**  
In Italy a formal betrothal is considered almost as binding and sacred as marriage itself, and a breach of promise, especially on the girl's side, is regarded with intense indignation. A girl who breaks her engagement is called a *civotta*—an owl—possibly because owls are used in Italy as decoys for ensnaring other birds. The epithet sticks to the girl for life and often proves fatal to her matrimonial chances.

**A Paradoxical Practice.**  
It is a curious fact that most of the philosophy of marriage is written by bachelors, most of the philosophy of bachelorhood by married men.—New York Evening Sun.

**FALL PLOWING.**  
**Its Advantages and Disadvantages Compared by a Successful Illinois Farmer.**  
Many farmers, especially in sections where drought prevails, are questioning the advisability of fall plowing. Here is what a good authority as success story John M. Stahl of Illinois has to say on the subject in a letter to Country Gentleman: "Whether it will pay to fall plow depends upon circumstances. As a man's farming is largely devoted to spring crops it may be advisable for him to fall plow when it would not be advisable otherwise. The man who grows much fall wheat and has a considerable area in grass will not find one advantage in fall plowing that the man who grows land is largely put in oats, corn and potatoes. The former will find his fall work fully as pressing as his spring work. He will have as much time in the spring as in the fall to plow the ground for spring crops. But not so with the man who sows but little wheat and puts much of his land in oats, corn and potatoes. His work will certainly drive him in the spring. He will find more time in the fall to do a part of the plowing for spring crops than he will find in the spring to do it all." Second, the character of the soil and the condition of the ground should be taken into consideration. One objection to fall plowing is that sometimes the ground is "run together" and compacted until spring, and its condition is not much better than if it had not been plowed. Now, some soils are much more disposed than are others to "run together" and solidify. The winter that will make some fields almost as solid as if they had not been plowed in the fall will only mellow the lumps of other fields. Some soils need the freezing action of the frost and the beating action of the rain. If soil is of this character the chances are in favor of fall plowing being advantageous, while if soil is of the character that is inclined to fuse and harden it may not be advantageous to fall plow. Again, a soil is more apt to be retentive and refractory than stubble ground or ground that has been stirred during the summer. The frosts and snows and rains of winter will probably be valuable aids in converting a tough sod into a mellow seed bed, if plowed in the fall, whereas a stubble or cornstalk field, if fall plowed, may have to be plowed again in the spring.

In passing let me say that the moldboard of the plow for plowing sod in the spring should be long and of gentle curvature; then it will turn the furrow slice exactly upside down, and without break, and one may make a mellow seed bed without pulling up on the surface pieces of turf to grow. But the plow for fall plowing of sod should have a more sharply curved moldboard, that the furrow slice may be broken up and some pieces be stood on end. Then the frost will have a good chance at the tough sod during the winter. It should not be ignored that a very decided advantage of fall plowing is the destruction of insects and larvae. I believe that the practice of observant farmers has shown them that fall plowed ground is freer from noxious insects and worms, and also from weeds. And it may be said in general that soils are benefited by the action of frost and fall plowing, which produces conditions that magnify the frost's action, is therefore beneficial. There is one part of the farm that I have found it invariably advantageous to fall plow—the garden and the truck patch. Clean them and plow them and manure them in the fall.

**The Electric Weed Killer.**  
Advantage has been taken of the electric current to destroy weeds that grow by railroad tracks. A mild current of electricity acts as a stimulant to such plants, but a current strong enough to disintegrate the tissues will kill them. To accomplish this in a large way a car is provided with an engine, an alternating dynamo and an induction coil. One terminal of this induction coil is connected to the earth through the car tracks. A well insulated cable leads from the other terminal to a metallic strip behind the car, which stretches across the track a short distance above the ground and is provided with many fine wires pendent from it, like the teeth of a rake. Through these teeth the electric discharge takes place, and any weed touched receives a deadly current through it. As the car is pulled along the track every weed is at once killed, and with such an apparatus many miles of railway may be quickly and cheaply freed from weeds.

A writer in *The Cosmopolitan*, who described the foregoing, says that a similar plan is feasible for ridding cultivated fields from such troublesome pests as thistles, daisies, chicory or any other whose stems at any time reach above the grass around them. A two wheeled vehicle like a horse rake, carrying a suitable secondary battery, a mechanical current alternator and a proper induction coil, could be driven across a field and kill every plant its teeth should touch.

**On the Country Road.**  
The third annual state irrigation convention is hereby called to meet at Garden City, Kan., Oct. 1 and 2, 1895.

Subsoil plows have of late been coming to the front, for it has been demonstrated that the loosening of the subsoil is one of the means within the reach of the western farmer to counteract the ill effects of long continued drought. The day of corn cutting by hand is

considerable quantity.

At the Michigan Agricultural college an agricultural reading club was formed not long ago.

A writer in *Home and Farm* gives this advice: Save all your straw, for it has a great feed value, and a horse or cow can be wintered in good condition with straw only for the rough feed, if the grain food is bran and oil meal instead of corn, and often these can be had as cheap as corn and sometimes for less money.

**Migrating Rock Crystals.**  
It has long been assumed that of two igneous rocks in contact that containing crystals peculiar to the other was necessarily younger than the latter. Cole, however, shows that crystals may be floated away into a pre-existing rock of a low degree of fluidity from one of a higher degree which has intruded on it. At Glendrumman Port, County Down, Ireland, a dike or curite is flanked on both sides by dikes of basaltic andesite, of which the andesites are unquestionably the older rocks, since the curite on its contact with them incloses fragments torn from their sides. The curite contains porphyritic crystals of pink orthoclase, while the andesite is normally devoid of them. Near its contact with the former rock, however, crystals exactly like those in the curite are occasionally found in the andesite. Crystals of quartz and feldspar have also often been floated from the curite into the detached fragments of the andesite. The invading rock has melted the ground mass of the andesite and has left its larger crystals scattered through a matrix made up largely of molten andesite intermingled with some curite substance.—American Naturalist.

**Two Lovely Doggies.**  
Some years ago I was out riding, accompanied by my two dogs—an Irish setter and a bull terrier. I had a fall and broke my thigh. The distress of the dogs was touching to see. They ran to and fro, barking and howling, apparently to attract attention. When assistance came, I was carried home on a hurdle, the two dogs trotting one on either side of it, and when the bearers put the burden down to rest they jumped on to it, licking my face and hands. For several days the spaniel lay for hours in the carriage drive, apparently watching for his master.

One morning, when the postman delivered the letters, the servant gave the dog my newspaper, and with, "Bring it along, Paddy," he carried it up stairs into my room. His joy at seeing me was worth beholding, and from that day he regularly met the postman, carried the newspaper off and laid it on my bed. He was scarcely ever after absent from the room or the passage leading to it.—London Spectator.

**A Tilt at the Club.**  
There was a little tilt at the club. The millionaire had tackled the artist, and the sparks flew. He had tried to be lordly and patronizing, and the artist had objected.

"Don't patronize me," he said. "Why not?" asked the millionaire. "You're only a painter anyway." "It requires brains to be an artist," replied the painter. "Of course, of course," returned the millionaire in an offhand way. "I admit it requires brains, and you have to sell them to live." "But money is your god. You have no other," retorted the painter. "It's yours, also," said the millionaire. "You sell your brains for it when you take my cash for your pictures." "Well," replied the painter, "if I give you brains for cash, it's an even thing, anyway, for each gets what he needs most."—Chicago Post.

**Couching a Beginner.**  
A fellow selling magnolias and other flowers in a sleepy manner at the hotel was jeered at by a young guest, who told him to expand his lungs and cry his wares so that people would notice him. The countryman looked at the boy in a dazed sort of manner and modestly held his tongue. He was apparently afraid either to cry his wares or talk back. Several other boys gazed at him and explained how the flowers should be sold. One of them took the countryman's basket and ran down the veranda shouting "Fresh magnolias," and in a little while sold all of the flowers and handed the countryman the money. He took off his hat, bowed and shuffled away. As he reached his ox cart he said to his wife: "That's a smart little fellow. He must 'a' come from Pocomoke."—Ocean City Letter.

**The Largest Dog.**  
The largest specimen of the domesticated canine ever known was Plinlimton, an English mastiff, which was exhibited at the great British bench show of 1888. Plinlimton lacked less than an inch of being 3 feet high at the shoulder and weighed exactly 214 1/2 pounds. Soon after the close of the dog show Plinlimton was sold to a rich young American for several thousand dollars. The writer believes that the dog is still alive and in this country, but has no exact information to that effect.—St. Louis Republic.

**Why a Dog Pante.**  
"Poor old fellow, see how warm he is," you say when your dog sinks down almost exhausted, with his tongue lolling out of his mouth. But if you put your hand on him you can feel no perspiration as on human beings or on horses. The tongue and lungs of a dog are the organ by which the perspiration is exhaled. For this reason muzzling, especially in hot weather, is particularly cruel.—Exchange.

**Eskimo Separation Is Rancorous.**  
That all the skins of polar bears which they have recovered have been mutilated by the loss of the nose. A Parisian furrier has discovered that this is a result of a superstitious belief prevalent among the Eskimo that whenever a polar bear is killed, his nose must be cut off and follow the hunter.

In Holland it is customary when there is infectious disease in a house to notify the fact to neighboring visitors and the public generally by tying a piece of white rag around the bell handle.

The raspberry was introduced into England from Virginia in 1696. The cherry was introduced from the eastern shores of the Black sea at a very early date.

**Sew on A Button**  
with Willimantic Star Thread and it will stay; put on a patch with Willimantic Star Thread and it will hold. Do all your sewing with Willimantic Star Thread. It is the strongest, smoothest, best finished spool cotton made. Ask your dealer for Willimantic Star Thread.  
Send 21 cents and receive six spools of thread, any color or number, to suit you. Four labels for your machine, ready made, and all sort of sewing hints, advice and sewing, free.  
WILLIMANTIC THREAD CO., Willimantic, Conn.

UNLUCKY TO SAVE FROM DROWNING.

Some Quizzical Superstitions of People the World Over.

It seems strange that swimmers should be superstitious, yet it is so, not is it alone the small boy who sees his companion sinking into a watery grave without attempting to rescue him, whether he sank because he was not an expert and got beyond his depth, or whether he was seized with cramps. It seems ridiculous to think of, and no doubt it will save many a superstitious person from risking his own neck by being dragged under by the weight and struggle of a drowning person to know it is counted unlucky and worse than madness to try to save the life of a drowning person or to resuscitate him, as sooner or later he is bound to do you some mean turn.

It is another one of those old superstitions handed down from generation to generation from our European ancestors, and of which no one knows the derivation. Traces of it are found among the Sioux and other tribes of the Indians of the west, who seem to have inherited that belief from their forefathers along with so many other quaint things. They still believe, and it's a part of their creed, that in hunting the body of a drowned person you can discover its resting place by floating a chip of cedar wood, which will stop, even in the strongest current, and turn around over the exact spot.

In Great Britain the belief that you must not rescue a drowning person is most prevalent in Cornwall and various parts of Scotland. The French sailor and the boatman of the Danube bow to the decree, together with the Russians, and let the people drown.

Dr. Taylor, in his "Primitive Culture," declares this lingering fondness for this old creed is because the water spirit is angry at being despoiled of its victim, and should the unlucky person who has dared to frustrate him trust himself to the water's power he will drown as sure as fate.

The Bohemian fisherman shrinks from snatching a drowning man from the waters, fearing the water demon will take away his luck in fishing and drown him before he gets to shore with the would be victim. In Germany, when some one is drowned, they say, "The river spirit claims his yearly sacrifice," or, "The Nix has taken him." The belief is current not alone in those countries above mentioned, but the Kamchatkans, rather than help a man out of the water, would force him under, and if he should escape to the shore no one would dare receive him into his house or dare to give him food. He is supposed to be dead after once falling into the water.

**Did You Ever Think**

That you cannot be well unless you have pure, rich blood? If you are weak, tired, languid and all run down it is impoverished and lacks vitality. These troubles may be overcome by Hood's Sarsaparilla, because Hood's Sarsaparilla makes pure, rich blood. It is, in truth, the great blood purifier.

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, constipation, biliousness, jaundice, sick headache, indigestion.

**Of Contemporaneous Human Interest.**  
Augustin Daly has given one phrase to American literature that, whatever may be its defect as a logical statement, has taken such deep root in current English that it is doubtful whether it can possibly be eradicated, and probably never will be dislodged. The phrase is, "Of contemporaneous human interest." Mr. Daly employed it originally in describing one of his adaptations of the playbill. The literary critics scored the phrase numerously at the time and tried to ridicule it out of existence, but it seems that despite the irresistible conclusion that no play could possibly possess any interest for trees or cattle as distinguished from "human" creatures Mr. Daly had filled a long felt want with it, for it is now met with increasing frequency. Doubtless every one who uses it does so under mental process charging the responsibility on Daly, but it is one of those winged phrases that drops in like an old time Irish wash-clothes are not above criticism.—Washington Post.

**Dr. Hand's Colic Cure.**  
SPRINGFIELD, O., Jan. 5, 1894.—The Hand Medicine Co., Philadelphia.

File of Dr. Hand's Colic Cure with entire success and find that it does all that is claimed for it. No praise can be too great for such a truly wonderful remedy, and we cheerfully recommend it to anyone having a baby with the colic. I remain sincerely yours, Ferdinand M. King, 88 Scott street.

Dr. Hand's Remedies for Children sold by all druggists, 25c.  
J. W. Rowlands, general house furnisher.

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with Willimantic Star Thread and it will stay; put on a patch with Willimantic Star Thread and it will hold. Do all your sewing with Willimantic Star Thread. It is the strongest, smoothest, best finished spool cotton made. Ask your dealer for Willimantic Star Thread.  
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UNLUCKY TO SAVE FROM DROWNING.

Some Quizzical Superstitions of People the World Over.

It seems strange that swimmers should be superstitious, yet it is so, not is it alone the small boy who sees his companion sinking into a watery grave without attempting to rescue him, whether he sank because he was not an expert and got beyond his depth, or whether he was seized with cramps. It seems ridiculous to think of, and no doubt it will save many a superstitious person from risking his own neck by being dragged under by the weight and struggle of a drowning person to know it is counted unlucky and worse than madness to try to save the life of a drowning person or to resuscitate him, as sooner or later he is bound to do you some mean turn.

It is another one of those old superstitions handed down from generation to generation from our European ancestors, and of which no one knows the derivation. Traces of it are found among the Sioux and other tribes of the Indians of the west, who seem to have inherited that belief from their forefathers along with so many other quaint things. They still believe, and it's a part of their creed, that in hunting the body of a drowned person you can discover its resting place by floating a chip of cedar wood, which will stop, even in the strongest current, and turn around over the exact spot.

In Great Britain the belief that you must not rescue a drowning person is most prevalent in Cornwall and various parts of Scotland. The French sailor and the boatman of the Danube bow to the decree, together with the Russians, and let the people drown.

Dr. Taylor, in his "Primitive Culture," declares this lingering fondness for this old creed is because the water spirit is angry at being despoiled of its victim, and should the unlucky person who has dared to frustrate him trust himself to the water's power he will drown as sure as fate.

The Bohemian fisherman shrinks from snatching a drowning man from the waters, fearing the water demon will take away his luck in fishing and drown him before he gets to shore with the would be victim. In Germany, when some one is drowned, they say, "The river spirit claims his yearly sacrifice," or, "The Nix has taken him." The belief is current not alone in those countries above mentioned, but the Kamchatkans, rather than help a man out of the water, would force him under, and if he should escape to the shore no one would dare receive him into his house or dare to give him food. He is supposed to be dead after once falling into the water.

**Did You Ever Think**

That you cannot be well unless you have pure, rich blood? If you are weak, tired, languid and all run down it is impoverished and lacks vitality. These troubles may be overcome by Hood's Sarsaparilla, because Hood's Sarsaparilla makes pure, rich blood. It is, in truth, the great blood purifier.

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, constipation, biliousness, jaundice, sick headache, indigestion.

**Of Contemporaneous Human Interest.**  
Augustin Daly has given one phrase to American literature that, whatever may be its defect as a logical statement, has taken such deep root in current English that it is doubtful whether it can possibly be eradicated, and probably never will be dislodged. The phrase is, "Of contemporaneous human interest." Mr. Daly employed it originally in describing one of his adaptations of the playbill. The literary critics scored the phrase numerously at the time and tried to ridicule it out of existence, but it seems that despite the irresistible conclusion that no play could possibly possess any interest for trees or cattle as distinguished from "human" creatures Mr. Daly had filled a long felt want with it, for it is now met with increasing frequency. Doubtless every one who uses it does so under mental process charging the responsibility on Daly, but it is one of those winged phrases that drops in like an old time Irish wash-clothes are not above criticism.—Washington Post.

**Dr. Hand's Colic Cure.**  
SPRINGFIELD, O., Jan. 5, 1894.—The Hand Medicine Co., Philadelphia.

File of Dr. Hand's Colic Cure with entire success and find that it does all that is claimed for it. No praise can be too great for such a truly wonderful remedy, and we cheerfully recommend it to anyone having a baby with the colic. I remain sincerely yours, Ferdinand M. King, 88 Scott street.

Dr. Hand's Remedies for Children sold by all druggists, 25c.  
J. W. Rowlands, general house furnisher.

THE BEST FOR EVERYBODY  
It is easy to find the word wanted. Words are given their correct alphabetical places, each one becoming a permanent fixture. It is easy to ascertain the pronunciation. The pronunciation is shown by the ordinary dictionary method of letters used in the syllables. It is easy to trace the growth of a word. The etymology is full, and the different meanings are given in the order of their development. It is easy to learn what a word means. The definitions are accurate, explicit, and full, and each is contained in a separate paragraph.  
G. & C. MERTON CO., Publishers, Springfield, Mass., U. S. A.  
See specimens, maps, etc., sent on application.



# GARROLL —AND— COONEY.

## New Rugs

Received to-day, French Wilton Rugs from \$1.50 to \$7.50, the same grades that were sold heretofore at \$5 to \$10. A very large assortment, all this season's styles and many entirely new combinations of colors. Also a nice assortment of Persian rugs at \$2.75, \$3.75 and \$5.75.

## Quilt Sale.

To-day we place on sale one case of 11.25 Quilts at 75 CENTS EACH. They are extra size, Marcellis patterns and an exceptional offering at the price.

## Cloakings.

Everything from Elderdown at 25c for babies cloaks to the finest Boucles, Diagonals and Astrachans up to \$5.00 a yard. A pretty line of Plaids at \$1.00 a yard. Chinchillas at \$1.75. Kerseys and Beavers at \$1.50. All suitable for stylish coats and capes. All new and similar goods can be found in no other store here.

# GARROLL —AND— GOONEY.

The Lima Times-Democrat

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT PUBLISHING CO.

JOURNALS ROOM, 20 NORTH MAIN ST.

Telephone Call, No. 24.

### TALES OF THE TOWN.

Mrs. Rogers is able to be out, after an attack of malarial fever.

Miss Anna Callahan has taken a position with Carroll & Cooney.

Mrs. Ernie Andrews is suffering from malarial fever at her home, 803 north Jackson street.

Miss Bonnie Linn entertained a few of her little girl friends yesterday in honor of her birthday.

Shaw & Lewis have removed into the room in the Brotherton block lately occupied by Hon. Isaiah Pillars.

Chas. Kraft has assumed charge of his father's barber shop, east Wayne street, and will conduct the business as before.

Mrs. S. W. Vandere, of south Metcalf street, gave a reception yesterday afternoon in honor of her sister and niece, who are her guests.

The remains of Chas. McClay, whose death at Urbana was announced in the Times-Democrat yesterday, will be taken to Piqua tomorrow for burial.

### Senatorial Convention.

The Republican of this senatorial district met in convention here to-day.

J. W. Halfhill, of Allen county, was chosen chairman and W. A. Morley, of St. Marys, Secretary.

W. F. Conley, of Mercer county, and Chas. Crown, of Hicksville, Deane county, were nominated for State Senator.—Van Wert Bulletin.

### Two Couples Married.

Married at the Grace M. E. parsonage by Rev. S. Baumgardner. Thursday evening, A. H. Miller and Barbara Mack, both of this city.

On September 24, at Grace M. E. parsonage by Rev. S. Baumgardner, Harry L. Moyer, of St. Marys, and Myrtle L. Johnson, of Pennsylvania.

### Chestnut Excursion

Via the Ohio Southern R. R. Sunday, October 8th. Will leave C. & E. depot at 8:30 a. m. \$1 for round trip. The hills in southern Ohio are full of chestnuts. 22c

J. W. Rowlands, general house furnisher.

Exposition Has Been Proposed, but no Realities Have Been Received From The Bureau.

A telegram has been received from the chief of police at Austin, Texas, stating that Frank Parker, wanted here for the murder of Pat Lyons, has been arrested and is in jail there. A requisition has been issued and everything is in readiness to go after the prisoner.

Telegrams in reference to the arrest were sent to Austin yesterday afternoon but no answer received, which causes the authorities at this end to wonder what is wrong and an officer will not go to Texas until the Chief is heard from.

### MARRIED NOW.

Harry Faurot and Bertha Jennings Wedded

At Springfield Yesterday Afternoon—Her Father's Fruitless Search for Them.

Harry Faurot and Bertha Jennings, of this city, were married at Springfield yesterday afternoon.

It will be remembered by readers of the Times-Democrat that young Faurot left home a week ago Wednesday night, telling his father, Fred Faurot, he was going south on a visit. The following night Bertha, whose father, W. H. Jennings, lives on north Main street, left home upon the pretext that she was going to prayer meeting at Trinity M. E. church, as had been her custom. She did not return, and the following day her father made an investigation and found she had not been at prayer meeting at all, and later learned that she had gone to Springfield. Yesterday morning he went down to Springfield and learned that young Faurot had been there and was supposed he was at Bowlersville, where relatives live.

Jennings visited a Justice of the Peace. He wanted young Faurot arrested, but as he did not want to swear out a warrant on the charge of seduction, and could not find his daughter and induce her to swear out a warrant for him, no legal proceedings were taken and instead Jennings, accompanied by Detective John T. Norris, drove to Bowlersville, but could not find Faurot, although he had been there. His relatives said that they would make an effort to induce him to marry the girl, whom he had some place in Springfield—it is supposed in a lying-in hospital.

Seeing the case was a fruitless one Jennings returned to Lima, leaving instructions as to what he wanted done.

It seems that immediately after he had departed young Faurot turned up, took out a license and was married. Both are of age.

### WRECKED CYCLE

George Wolf, Enroute to New York from Chicago, injured.

George Wolf, a bicyclist, is stopping at the Lima House, nursing injuries received on his wheel yesterday. He has made several trips between Chicago and New York city and he was making a record between the points, when he met with the accident. He was coasting this side of Ft. Wayne when his chain broke and he was thrown with great force and sustained a badly sprained ankle and painful bruises. His wheel was smashed and he was compelled to take a train and he reached here on No. 8 on the P. Ft. W. & C. last night at 8:35 o'clock and will remain until he is fully recovered and his wheel repaired.

### ABOUT PEOPLE

Who They Are, Where They Have Been and Are Going.

S. M. Brice went to Dayton this morning.

Judge Richie went down to Sidney this morning to hold court.

Mrs. D. H. Sullivan, of west North street, is visiting friends in Delphos. Revenue Collector George Hull and wife, of Toledo, were in the city this afternoon.

John Chapin and John McVey went to New Bremen on business this morning.

Mrs. P. L. Rouzer, of east North street, spent today with friends in Columbus Grove.

Mr. Geo. Reed, wife and mother of Crestline, O., were the guests of Mr. Al Newman to-day.

Cloyd J. Brotherton returned home last night from Cincinnati, where he

J. W. Campbell left for Portland, Ore., last night. Mrs. Campbell will remain for a couple months.

W. H. Hartman went down to Sidney this morning in the interest of the Lima-Piqua electric road.

O. D. Crites, of Fremont, is the guest of his sister, Mrs. Chas. J. Golley, of north Jackson street.

Mrs. Ed. F. James, of South Chicago, returned home to-day after a couple of weeks visit with her par-

ent, and is the guest of her cousin, the Misses Fowler, of the Lawlor block.

Miss Carrie Smith, of west Wayne street, has returned home from a visit with friends and relatives in Fremont.

Mrs. G. W. Ardinger and children, of south Main street, went to Munroe, Ind., this morning to visit her parents.

Miss Maggie Callahan has returned home after an extended visit with her sister, Mrs. J. F. McFarland, in Denver, Colo.

Mrs. Thalheimer and little daughter, of 234 east McKibben street, returned home yesterday afternoon from a visit in Germany.

W. S. Watkins, Thos. Sullivan, A. A. Scott, Bill Murray, John Bashore and W. N. Faurot went up to Ottawa this morning to attend the fair.

Mrs. D. V. Gasson and daughter, of Delphos, have returned home, after spending a few days visiting Mr. E. Fisher and family of west Wayne street.

### CIGARETTES

And Tobacco Public Scholars Must Not Use.

Measures Will be Adopted to Prevent it and Parents Have Been Notified.

At the Board of Education meeting last night superintendent Miller called the attention of the Board to the fact that cigarettes and tobacco was used to an alarming extent among the scholars, many of the boys having become habitual users of them. He cited one instance where the physical growth of one pupil had been retarded by the practice. He had notified the pupils that the use of the articles on the grounds would not be tolerated and had also notified their parents in the hope that the practice could be broken up. The Board authorized Superintendent Miller to take whatever action he deemed best and they would approve his course.

The report of the truant officer was received and filed and a bill for \$2 from the Lima Telephone company was referred back as the contract price was \$1.50 instead of \$2.

A bill from C. E. Douze for \$25 rent was allowed but afterwards reconsidered and laid on the table. The following bills were allowed:

H. M. Colvin	\$ 3.00
John & Bower	2.50
E. F. Knicker	7.50
William Wise	19.50
E. C. Galarneau	12.50
C. E. Douze	25.00
Encyclopedia	5.00
J. M. Meyer	22.15
Encyclopedia	15.00
Standard Dictionary	15.00

Board adjourned.

### STREET TALK

The next meeting of the Board of Education will be held two weeks from last evening in rooms 10 and 11 in the Holmes block, which are being rearranged for superintendent G. O. Miller's office.

Great preparations are being made for the dedication of the Ohio Masonic Home at Springfield, which event comes October 23. It is probable that nearly all the Knight Templar Commanderies of the state will be present and participate in the ceremonies and parade.

The Masonic fraternity of Ohio have provided a magnificent home for the destitute and orphans, and its dedication to the purpose for which it was erected, will no doubt, be attended with great joy, and Masonic bodies from all sections of the state are expected to be present.

There will be a meeting of the Mizpah Bible class for business on Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock at the home of Mrs. B. J. Thomson. All members are requested to be present.

### Welcome to Lima.

The Ellipticville, (N. Y.) Post, in its last issue contains the following article relative to Mr. J. W. McMahon, who has moved to Lima to take a position with the Buckeye Pipe Line company. We heartily welcome Mr. McMahon to our flourishing young city.

"James W. McMahon has resigned as supervisor of the town of Ellipticville, on account of his removal to Lima, O., where he is engaged in the oil business. Mr. McMahon has been prominently identified with the interests of this town for several years, his popularity being attested by the fact that he a Democrat, was elected supervisor for this last term, in a strongly Republican town by a majority of over fifty votes, having as his opponent a very strong and popular Republican leader and in every case where he has allowed his name to be used in connection with any office, town or municipal, he has invariably been elected by a handsome majority. As a candidate for member of assembly in the first assembly district—a Republican stronghold—

he has served as assistant duty commissioner, and as state committeeman for his party for several years past. And in whatever position he has ever represented the people, their interests were carefully guarded and advanced. It is with regret that we lose so valuable a citizen.

### Ladies of Epworth Church

Will have a sale Saturday, Oct. 5, of home made baking at Rowlands' furniture, north Main street. It

# About Your Shoes?



Are you satisfied with the Foot-wear you have been buying? You will find Gooding's Shoes the best and cheapest, more styles, better goods, greater selections. Our display of

## FALL AND WINTER SHOES

excels anything ever in Lima. In Ladies' Shoes we have hand turned, hand and McKay sewed; in patent leather, English Enamel, Box Calf and Dongola, all sizes, shapes, styles and widths, ranging in price from \$1.25 to \$5.00.

Each particular Shoe at the price quoted representing a bargain.

Men's Shoes in patent leather, English Enamel cordovan and calf, double soles, single soles, cork soles, with or without Scotch edges. Every style and shape represented.

Boys', Youths', Misses' and Children's Shoes in great variety and abundance. We select only such Shoes that will give good reasonable wear. It's your regular trade we want, at

# GOODING'S,

230 North Main Street.

### OCTOBER WEATHER.

What May Be Expected During This Month.

During the month of October the weather will be varied. There will be frosts in all central and northern parts of the country from about the 4th to the 7th.

Between the 7th and 13th there will be disturbances central on the 13th. About the 8th and 9th a warm wave will come from the west followed by rain and dashes of snow. A regular storm period will extend from the 8th. A cold wave will follow the storms across the country about the 14th or 15th.

The temperature will again rise between the 16th and 19th, the wave traveling eastward. Snow will fall in the north during these times and a

cold wave will become general about the 19th. Violent gales are probable from the 16 to 19th. Another storm period will start the 20th and continue to the 24th, being central on the 21st, and followed by a cold wave. About the 27th and 28th it will grow warmer and there will be reactionary storms. Earthquakes are probable in many localities, unless frequent storms relieve the heavy magnetic strain of earth and air.

### Gov. Campbell at Sidney,

Saturday evening, Oct. 5. Train leaves Lima 8:05 p. m. Returning, leaves Sidney 11:00 p. m. Fare, round trip, \$1.00. 1-3t.

Don't fail to see the \$1.88 banquet lamps at J. W. Rowlands'.

### Wedded.

Last evening at 6 p. m. occurred the marriage of Miss Ida May Weaver, of Defiance, to Mr. Simon P. Spald, of Lima, O. The ceremony was performed at the residence of the bride's parents in the presence of the immediate friends and relatives. Rev. C. Weaver officiated, assisted by Rev. P. P. Pope, D. D., presiding elder of Defiance district.—Defiance Crescent.

### Missionary Tea.

The Christian Endeavor society of the Market Street Presbyterian church will give a "Missionary Tea" in the parlors of the church this evening at seven o'clock. There will be a short musical and literary program. Everybody invited. Admission free.



# FIRE SALE!

THE ONLY LEGITIMATE ONE AT . . . . .

# MICHAEL'S

## APOLOGY.

Michael wishes to apologize publicly to all customers who could not be waited on at his store since the Fire Sale started. Although extra men have been

added to our clerks list yet many customers could not be waited on. But we hope to be able to wait on all in future. Selling goods "as advertised" is what brings us the crowds.

YOU BET They can't fool me into any other store. I'll follow the crowd to Michael's store, where I know they HAD a fire and now have a legitimate Fire Sale.



# CLOTHING AND SHOES.